# Warwick State High School





Year 11-12
Information
Booklet
2024-2025

~ Excellence Through Effort ~

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# From the Principal

Thank you for entrusting us with the education of your child at Warwick State High School. We pride ourselves on high expectations for effort and behaviour, supported by our values of Respect, Responsibility and Relationships.

Your child will have access to a variety of opportunities; through the wide range of curricula and co-curricula offerings we have at Warwick State High School.

We look forward to supporting your child on their learning journey, to unlock their full potential.

Please bring with you the following completed documents to your interview.

- Enrolment form
- Student Resource Scheme form
- Court Orders (if applicable)
- Birth Certificate (to be sighted only)



# Mr Will Curthoys

#### Principal



Mrs Michelle Ferdinand

Deputy Principal



Mr Daryl Thompson
Deputy Principal



Mrs Tanya Wright
Deputy Principal



Mrs Kathy Maudsley
Head of Special Education

### **Senior Education Profile**

Students in Queensland are issued with a Senior Education Profile (SEP) upon completion of senior studies. This profile may include a:

- Senior Statement
- Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE)
- Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA).

For more information about the SEP see www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/certificates-qualifications/sep.

#### **Senior Statement**

The Senior Statement is a transcript of a student's learning account. It shows all QCE-contributing studies and the results achieved that may contribute to the award of a QCE.

If a student has a Senior Statement, then they have satisfied the completion requirements for Year 12 in Queensland.

#### **Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE)**

Students may be eligible for a Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) at the end of their senior schooling. Students who do not meet the QCE requirements can continue to work towards the certificate post-secondary schooling. The QCAA awards a QCE in the following July or December, once a student becomes eligible. Learning accounts are closed after nine years; however, a student may apply to the QCAA to have the account reopened and all credit continued.

#### Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA)

The Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA) reports the learning achievements of eligible students who complete an individual learning program. At the end of the senior phase of learning, eligible students achieve a QCIA. These students have the option of continuing to work towards a QCE post-secondary schooling.

### Senior subjects

The QCAA develops five types of senior subject syllabuses — Applied, General, General (Extension), General (Senior External Examination) and Short Course. Results in Applied and General subjects contribute to the award of a QCE and may contribute to an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) calculation, although no more than one result in an Applied subject can be used in the calculation of a student's ATAR.

Typically, it is expected that most students will complete these courses across Years 11 and 12. All subjects build on the P-10 Australian Curriculum.

For more information about specific subjects, schools, students and parents/carers are encouraged to access the relevant senior syllabuses at www.gcaa.gld.edu.au/senior/senior-subjects and, for Senior External Examinations, www.gcaa.gld.edu.au/senior/see

#### Applied and Applied (Essential) syllabuses

Applied subjects are suited to students who are primarily interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead to vocational education and training or work.

#### General syllabuses

General subjects are suited to students who are interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead primarily to tertiary studies and to pathways for vocational education and training and work.

#### General (Extension) syllabuses

Extension subjects are extensions of the related General subjects and are studied either concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of the related General course.

Extension courses offer more challenge than the related General courses and build on the studies students have already undertaken in the subject.

#### General (Senior External Examination) syllabuses

Senior External Examinations are suited to:

- students in the final year of senior schooling (Year 12) who are unable to access particular subjects at their school
- students less than 17 years of age who are not enrolled in a Queensland secondary school, have not completed Year 12 and do not hold a Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) or Senior Statement
- adult students at least 17 years of age who are not enrolled at a Queensland secondary school.

# **Short Course syllabuses**

Short Courses are developed to meet a specific curriculum need and are suited to students who are interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead to vocational education and training and establish a basis for further education and employment. They are informed by, and articulate closely with, the requirements of the Australian Core Skills Framework (ACSF). A grade of C in Short Courses aligns with the requirements for ACSF Level 3.

For more information about the ACSF see www.dewr.gov.au/skills-information-training-providers/australian-core-skills-framework.

#### **Underpinning factors**

All senior syllabuses are underpinned by:

- literacy the set of knowledge and skills about language and texts essential for understanding and conveying content
- numeracy the knowledge, skills, behaviours and dispositions that students need to use mathematics in a wide range of situations, to
  recognise and understand the role of mathematics in the world, and to develop the dispositions and capacities to use mathematical knowledge
  and skills purposefully.

### Applied and Applied (Essential) syllabuses

In addition to literacy and numeracy, Applied syllabuses are underpinned by:

- applied learning the acquisition and application of knowledge, understanding and skills in real-world or lifelike contexts
- community connections the awareness and understanding of life beyond school through authentic, real-world interactions by connecting
  classroom experience with the world outside the classroom
- skills for work the set of knowledge, understanding and non-technical skills that underpin successful participation in work.

#### General syllabuses and Short Course syllabuses

In addition to literacy and numeracy, General syllabuses and Short Course syllabuses are underpinned by:

21st century skills — the attributes and skills students need to prepare them for higher education, work and engagement in a complex and
rapidly changing world. These include critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social
skills, and information & communication technologies (ICT) skills.

### Vocational education and training (VET)

Students can access VET programs through the school if it:

- is a registered training organisation (RTO)
- has a third-party arrangement with an external provider who is an RTO
- offers opportunities for students to undertake school-based apprenticeships or traineeships.

### Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) eligibility

The calculation of an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) will be based on a student's:

- · best five scaled General subject results or
- best results in a combination of four General subject results plus an Applied subject result or a Certificate III or higher VET qualification.

The Queensland Tertiary Admissions Centre (QTAC) has responsibility for ATAR calculations.

#### **English requirement**

Eligibility for an ATAR will require satisfactory completion of a QCAA English subject.

Satisfactory completion will require students to attain a result that is equivalent to a C Level of Achievement in one of five subjects — English, Essential English, Literature, English and Literature Extension or English as an Additional Language.

While students must meet this standard to be eligible to receive an ATAR, it is not mandatory for a student's English result to be included in the calculation of their ATAR.

# Applied and Applied (Essential) syllabuses

Syllabuses are designed for teachers to make professional decisions to tailor curriculum and assessment design and delivery to suit their school context and the goals, aspirations and abilities of their students within the parameters of Queensland's senior phase of learning.

In this way, the syllabus is not the curriculum. The syllabus is used by teachers to develop curriculum for their school context. The term *course of study* describes the unique curriculum and assessment that students engage with in each school context. A course of study is the product of a series of decisions made by a school to select, organise and contextualise units, integrate complementary and important learning, and create assessment tasks in accordance with syllabus specifications.

It is encouraged that, where possible, a course of study is designed such that teaching, learning and assessment activities are integrated and enlivened in an authentic applied setting.

#### Course structure

Applied and Applied (Essential) syllabuses are four-unit courses of study.

The syllabuses contain QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Units and assessment have been written so that they may be studied at any stage in the course. All units have comparable complexity and challenge in learning and assessment. However, greater scaffolding and support may be required for units studied earlier in the course.

Each unit has been developed with a notional time of 55 hours of teaching and learning, including assessment.

#### Curriculum

Applied syllabuses set out only what is essential while being flexible so teachers can make curriculum decisions to suit their students, school context, resources and expertise.

Schools have autonomy to decide:

- which four units they will deliver
- · how and when the subject matter of the units will be delivered
- how, when and why learning experiences are developed, and the context in which the learning will occur
- how opportunities are provided in the course of study for explicit and integrated teaching and learning of complementary skills such as literacy, numeracy and 21st century skills
- how the subject-specific information found in this section of the syllabus is enlivened through the course of study.

Giving careful consideration to each of these decisions can lead teachers to develop units that are rich, engaging and relevant for their students.

#### **Assessment**

Applied syllabuses set out only what is essential while being flexible so teachers can make assessment decisions to suit their students, school context, resources and expertise.

Applied syllabuses contain assessment specifications and conditions for the two assessment instruments that must be implemented with each unit. These specifications and conditions ensure comparability, equity and validity in assessment.

Schools have autonomy to decide:

- specific assessment task details within the parameters mandated in the syllabus
- assessment contexts to suit available resources
- how the assessment task will be integrated with teaching and learning activities
- how authentic the task will be.

Teachers make A–E judgments on student responses for each assessment instrument using the relevant instrument-specific standards. In the final two units studied, the QCAA uses a student's results for these assessments to determine an exit result.

More information about assessment in Applied senior syllabuses is available in Section 7.3.1 of the QCE and QCIA policy and procedures handbook.

#### Essential English and Essential Mathematics — Common internal assessment

For the two Applied (Essential) syllabuses, students complete a total of *four* summative internal assessments in Units 3 and 4 that count toward their overall subject result. Schools develop *three* of the summative internal assessments for each of these subjects and the other summative assessment is a common internal assessment (CIA) developed by the QCAA.

The CIA for Essential English and Essential Mathematics is based on the learning described in Unit 3 of the respective syllabus. The CIA is:

- developed by the QCAA
- common to all schools
- delivered to schools by the QCAA
- administered flexibly in Unit 3
- administered under supervised conditions
- · marked by the school according to a common marking scheme developed by the QCAA.

The CIA is not privileged over the other summative internal assessment.

#### Summative internal assessment — instrument-specific standards

The Essential English and Essential Mathematics syllabuses provide instrument-specific standards for the three summative internal assessments in Units 3 and 4.

The instrument-specific standards describe the characteristics evident in student responses and align with the identified assessment objectives. Assessment objectives are drawn from the unit objectives and are contextualised for the requirements of the assessment instrument.

# General syllabuses

#### Course overview

General syllabuses are developmental four-unit courses of study.

Units 1 and 2 provide foundational learning, allowing students to experience all syllabus objectives and begin engaging with the course subject matter. It is intended that Units 1 and 2 are studied as a pair. Assessment in Units 1 and 2 provides students with feedback on their progress in a course of study and contributes to the award of a QCE.

Students should complete Units 1 and 2 before starting Units 3 and 4.

Units 3 and 4 consolidate student learning. Assessment in Units 3 and 4 is summative and student results contribute to the award of a QCE and to ATAR calculations.

#### Assessment

**Units 1 and 2 assessments:** Schools decide the sequence, scope and scale of assessments for Units 1 and 2. These assessments should reflect the local context. Teachers determine the assessment program, tasks and marking guides that are used to assess student performance for Units 1 and 2.

Units 1 and 2 assessment outcomes provide feedback to students on their progress in the course of study. Schools should develop at least two but no more than four assessments for Units 1 and 2. At least one assessment must be completed for each unit.

Schools report satisfactory completion of Units 1 and 2 to the QCAA, and may choose to report levels of achievement to students and parents/carers using grades, descriptive statements or other indicators.

**Units 3 and 4 assessments:** Students complete a total of *four* summative assessments — three internal and one external — that count towards the overall subject result in each General subject.

Schools develop three internal assessments for each senior subject to reflect the requirements described in Units 3 and 4 of each General syllabus.

The three summative internal assessments need to be endorsed by the QCAA before they are used in schools. Students' results in these assessments are externally confirmed by QCAA assessors. These confirmed results from internal assessment are combined with a single result from an external assessment, which is developed and marked by the QCAA. The external assessment result for a subject contributes to a determined percentage of a students' overall subject result. For most subjects this is 25%; for Mathematics and Science subjects it is 50%.

#### Instrument-specific marking guides

Each syllabus provides instrument-specific marking guides (ISMGs) for summative internal assessments.

The ISMGs describe the characteristics evident in student responses and align with the identified assessment objectives. Assessment objectives are drawn from the unit objectives and are contextualised for the requirements of the assessment instrument.

Schools cannot change or modify an ISMG for use with summative internal assessment.

As part of quality teaching and learning, schools should discuss ISMGs with students to help them understand the requirements of an assessment task.

#### External assessment

External assessment is summative and adds valuable evidence of achievement to a student's profile. External assessment is:

- common to all schools
- administered under the same conditions at the same time and on the same day
- developed and marked by the QCAA according to a commonly applied marking scheme.

The external assessment contributes a determined percentage (see specific subject guides — assessment) to the student's overall subject result and is not privileged over summative internal assessment.

### General (Extension) syllabuses

#### Course overview

Extension subjects are extensions of the related General subjects and include external assessment. Extension subjects are studied either concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of the General course of study.

Extension syllabuses are courses of study that consist of two units (Units 3 and 4).

Subject matter, learning experiences and assessment increase in complexity across the two units as students develop greater independence as learners.

The results from Units 3 and 4 contribute to the award of a QCE and to ATAR calculations.

**Note:** In the case of Music Extension, this subject has three syllabuses, one for each of the specialisations — Composition, Musicology and Performance.

#### **Assessment**

**Units 3 and 4 assessments:** Students complete a total of *four* summative assessments — three internal and one external — that count towards the overall subject result in each General (Extension) subject.

Schools develop three internal assessments for each senior subject to reflect the requirements described in Units 3 and 4 of each General syllabus.

The three summative internal assessments need to be endorsed by the QCAA before they are used in schools. Students' results in these assessments are externally confirmed by QCAA assessors. These confirmed results from internal assessment are combined with a single result from an external assessment, which is developed and marked by the QCAA. The external assessment result for a subject contributes to a determined percentage of a students' overall subject result. For most subjects this is 25%; for Mathematics and Science subjects it is 50%.

# **Short Course syllabuses**

#### Course overview

Short Courses are one-unit courses of study. A Short Course syllabus includes topics and subtopics. Results contribute to the award of a QCE. Results do not contribute to ATAR calculations.

Short Courses are available in:

- Literacy
- Numeracy.

#### **Assessment**

Short Course syllabuses use two summative school-developed assessments to determine a student's exit result. Schools develop these assessments based on the learning described in the syllabus. Short Courses do not use external assessment.

Short Course syllabuses provide instrument-specific standards for the two summative internal assessments. The instrument-specific standards describe the characteristics evident in student responses and align with the identified assessment objectives. Assessment objectives are drawn from the topic objectives and are contextualised for the requirements of the assessment instrument.

# **Subject Selection and Types of Subjects**

#### **Subject Choice**

- Students must select 6 subjects one subject per "line". There are six lines.
- Compulsory English (Short Course on Literacy, Essential English, or English) and Mathematics (Short course in Numeracy, Essential Mathematics, General Mathematics, Mathematical Methods and Specialist Mathematics).
   Students studying Specialist Mathematics must also study Mathematical Methods.

### **General Subject Pre-requisites**

- General subjects have pre-requisites
- Students must have achieved the minimum result indicated in Year 10 to study the specific subject.
- If a student believes they are eligible for special consideration, they are required to complete a written request and meet with Head of Department of Senior Secondary.

Subject	Pre-requisites (Year 10 results)
Accounting	English – C Mathematics – C
Agriculture Science	English – C Science – C
Art	English – C Art – C
Biology	English – C Science – C (Mathematics – C advisable)
Business	English – B
Chemistry	English – C Mathematics – C Science - C
Drama	English – C Drama – C
English	English – B
General Mathematics	Mathematics – C
Geography	English – C
Japanese	Japanese – C
Legal Studies	English – B
Mathematical Methods	Mathematics – B
Modern History	English – B
Music	English – C Music – C
IVIUSIC	A practising musician (either within or outside of the school)
Physical Education	English – B HPE – B
1 Hydrodi Eddodion	A strong interest in healthy lifestyles and physical activity
Physics	English – C Maths – C Science – C
Specialist Mathematics  Mathematics – B  (Students must also shows Mathematical Mat	
	(Students must also choose Mathematical Methods)

#### TAFE Subjects

- Students will be required to participate in an induction program at the beginning of 2024.
- 2) A number of TAFE subjects run outside traditional school hours TAFE hours are specific to the subject, anyone selecting a TAFE subject must look carefully at the information in the <u>TAFE Information booklet</u>.
- TAFE Information booklet will be issued and placed on-line when the full details become available.
- 4) Expressions of interest (EOI) see Head of Department for Senior Secondary for more information (closing date to be confirmed).

#### **Ensuring No duplication of subjects**

When selecting subjects, students should be aware that under Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority (QCAA) guidelines, some courses will be deemed as duplication. It is mainly applicable to some applied subjects clashing with Vocational Education and Training (VET) qualifications. Students would only gain one set of Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) points resulting in the potential of not attaining a QCE. Students may need to check with the Guidance Officer or relevant HOD regarding subjects that may be deemed as being duplicated.

For example:

- A student could not study Engineering skills, Formula (Cert II Engineering Pathways) at school and do Engineering Pathways at TAFE – students can only select one of these three to gain QCE credits
- A student could not study Hospitality at school and do a particular course in Hospitality at TAFE again it would be duplication.

Refer to the table below for the full list of duplications, however, not all courses listed are offered at our school, but maybe offered by the local TAFE/ employers.

#### Applied subjects and Certificate II VET qualifications with duplication of learning

Learning area	2024 Applied subject	VET qualification	Max. QCE Credit
Humanities and	Business Studies	BSB20115 Certificate II in Business	4
Social Sciences	Tourism	SIT20116 Certificate II in Tourism	4
	Engineering Skills	MEM20413 Certificate II in Engineering Pathways	4
Technologies	Fashion	MST20616 Certificate II in Applied Fashion Design and Technology	4
reclinologies	Furnishing Skills	MSM20516 Certificate II in Furniture Making Pathways	4
	Hospitality Practices	SIT20316 Certificate II in Hospitality	4
The Arts	Visual Arts in Practice	CUA20715 Certificate II in Visual Arts	4

#### 1. Other Considerations

- A small number of subjects **may** be offered completely off-line (i.e. before or after school).
- Students **may** access Distance Education if subjects are not offered by the school, e.g., Economics or if the subject fails to run due to lack of numbers or there is a clash in the lines (or desired subjects).
- Enrolments into Distance Education are undertaken through the Guidance Officer. An appointment with the Guidance Officer is
  essential.
- Class numbers are capped, (e.g. due to Kitchen and Industrial Technology and Design workshop safety).
- Students electing to do Technology subjects (Engineering Skills, Furnishing Skills, Industrial Technology Skills, Formula Student) are required to have a proven safety ethic through engaging in Year 9 and 10 Technology electives (Materials and Technologies, Engineering Principles and Systems). As these subjects take place in a workshop environment with high and extreme risk activities, students and their parent/caregiver will be required to sign a High and Extreme Risk Consent Form prior to commencement in the chosen subject. Students who have not engaged in Technology subjects in Years 9 and 10 will have their selection reviewed by the Head of Department Technology, and the timetabling Deputy Principal.
- Where numbers exceed restrictions, academic capabilities will be considered, as well as order enrolled.
- Classes will not commence where there are insufficient numbers in the subject.
- Students cannot undertake a TAFE subject and a school-based apprenticeship/traineeship as this would impact significantly on the amount of time out of school.

# QCAA senior syllabuses at Warwick High

# **Heads of Department**

English/LOTE Ms Jacinta Boland – jbola10@eq.edu.au
Health and PE / Wellbeing Mrs Michelle Byrne – mbyrn88@eq.edu.au
Humanities Mrs Kirsty Caterson – kcate1@eq.edu.au
Mathematics / Science Mr Carl Brough – cbrou38@eq.edu.au
Senior Secondary Mr Cory Wren – cwren3@eq.edu.au
Technologies Mr Wayne Hoger – whoge1@eq.edu.au
The Arts Mr Ian Follett – ifoll1@eq.edu.au

Subject	General	Applied	Vocational
English	English	Essential English Literacy	
Mathematics	General Mathematics  Mathematical Methods  Specialist Mathematics	Essential Mathematics	
Humanities	Accounting Business Geography Legal Studies Modern History	Business Studies Social & Community Skills Tourism	
The Arts	Drama Music Visual Art Music Extension (Yr 12 only)	Arts in Practice Visual Arts in Practice	
Science	Agricultural Science Biology Chemistry Physics		Cert II in Rural Operations
Technologies		Engineering Skills Furnishing Skills Early Childhood Studies Fashion Hospitality Practices	Cert II in Active Volunteering Cert II in Engineering Pathways (Formula Student)
Health and Physical Education	Physical Education	Sport & Recreation	Cert III in Fitness
Languages	Japanese		

# Essential English Applied senior subject

Essential English develops and refines students' understanding of language, literature and literacy to enable them to interact confidently and effectively with others in everyday, community and social contexts. Students recognise language and texts as relevant in their lives now and in the future and learn to understand, accept or challenge the values and attitudes in these texts.

Students engage with language and texts to foster skills to communicate confidently and effectively in Standard Australian English in a variety of contemporary contexts and social situations, including everyday, social, community, further education and work-related contexts. They choose generic structures, language, language features and technologies to best convey meaning. They develop skills to read for meaning and purpose, and to use, critique and appreciate a range of contemporary literary and non-literary texts.

Students use language effectively to produce texts for a variety of purposes and audiences and engage creative and imaginative thinking to explore their own world and the worlds of others. They actively and critically interact with a range of texts, developing an awareness of how the language they engage with positions them and others.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Essential English promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- use appropriate roles and relationships with audiences
- construct and explain representations of identities, places, events and concepts
- make use of and explain the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and influence meaning
- explain how language features and text structures shape meaning and invite particular responses
- select and use subject matter to support perspectives
- sequence subject matter and use mode-appropriate cohesive devices to construct coherent texts
- make mode-appropriate language choices according to register informed by purpose, audience and context
- use language features to achieve particular purposes across modes.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Language that works     Responding to a variety of texts used in and developed for a work context     Creating multimodal and written texts	Texts and human experiences     Responding to reflective and nonfiction texts that explore human experiences     Creating spoken and written texts	Creating and shaping perspectives on community, local and global issues in texts     Responding to texts that seek to influence audiences	Representations and popular culture texts  Responding to popular culture texts  Creating representations of Australian identifies, places, events and concepts

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. Schools develop three summative internal assessments and the common internal assessment (CIA) is developed by the QCAA.

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Extended response — spoken/signed response	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Extended response — Multimodal response
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Common internal assessment (CIA) — short response examination	Summative internal assessment (IA4):  • Extended response — Written response

# **English**

# General senior subject

English focuses on the study of both literary texts and non-literary texts, developing students as independent, innovative and creative learners and thinkers who appreciate the aesthetic use of language, analyse perspectives and evidence, and challenge ideas and interpretations through the analysis and creation of varied texts.

Students are offered opportunities to interpret and create texts for personal, cultural, social and aesthetic purposes. They learn how language varies according to context, purpose and audience, content, modes and mediums, and how to use it appropriately and effectively for a variety of purposes. Students have opportunities to engage with diverse texts to help them develop a sense of themselves, their world and their place in it.

Students communicate effectively in Standard Australian English for the purposes of responding to and creating texts. They make choices about generic structures, language, textual features and technologies for participating actively in literary analysis and the creation of texts in a range of modes, mediums and forms, for a variety of purposes and audiences. They explore how literary and non-literary texts shape perceptions of the world, and consider ways in which texts may reflect or challenge social and cultural ways of thinking and influence audiences.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in English promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- establish and maintain roles of the writer/speaker/signer/designer and relationships with audiences
- create and analyse perspectives and representations of concepts, identities, times and places
- make use of and analyse the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and invite audiences to take up
  positions
- use aesthetic features and stylistic devices to achieve purposes and analyse their effects in texts
- select and synthesise subject matter to support perspectives
- organise and sequence subject matter to achieve particular purposes
- · use cohesive devices to emphasise ideas and connect parts of texts
- make language choices for particular purposes and contexts
- · use grammar and language structures for particular purposes
- use mode-appropriate features to achieve particular purposes

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Perspectives and texts  Examining and creating perspectives in texts  Responding to a variety of non-literary and literary texts  Creating responses for public audiences and persuasive texts	Examining and shaping representations of culture in texts     Responding to literary and non-literary texts, including a focus on Australian texts     Creating imaginative and analytical texts	Exploring connections between texts     Examining different perspectives of the same issue in texts and shaping own perspectives     Creating responses for public audiences and persuasive texts	Close study of literary texts  Engaging with literary texts from diverse times and places  Responding to literary texts creatively and critically  Creating imaginative and analytical texts

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Extended response — written response for a public audience	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  Examination — imaginative written response	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Extended response — persuasive spoken response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  Examination — analytical written response	25%

# **Early Childhood Studies**

# Applied senior subject

The first five years of life are critical in shaping growth and development, relationships, wellbeing and learning. The early years can have a significant influence on an individual's accomplishments in family, school and community life. Quality early childhood education and care support children to develop into confident, independent and caring adults.

Early Childhood Studies focuses on students learning about children aged from birth to five years through early childhood education and care. While early childhood learning can involve many different approaches, this subject focuses on the significance of play to a child's development. Play-based learning involves opportunities in which children explore, imagine, investigate and engage in purposeful and meaningful experiences to make sense of their world.

The course of study involves learning about ideas related to the fundamentals and industry practices in early childhood learning. Investigating how children grow, interact, develop and learn enables students to effectively interact with children and positively influence their development. Units are implemented to support the development of children, with a focus on play and creativity, literacy and numeracy skills, wellbeing, health and safety, and indoor and outdoor learning environments. Throughout the course of study, students make decisions and work individually and with others.

Students examine the interrelatedness of the fundamentals and practices of early childhood learning. They plan, implement and evaluate play-based learning activities responsive to the needs of children as well as exploring contexts in early childhood learning. This enables students to develop understanding of the multifaceted, diverse and significant nature of early childhood learning.

Students have opportunities to learn about the childcare industry, such as the roles and responsibilities of workers in early childhood education and care services. Opportunities to interact with children and staff in early childhood education and care services would develop their skills and improve their readiness for future studies or the workplace. Through interacting with children, students have opportunities to experience the important role early childhood educators play in promoting child development and wellbeing.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Early Childhood Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in health, community services and education. Work opportunities exist as early childhood educators, teacher's aides or assistants in a range of early childhood contexts.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- investigate the fundamentals and practices of early childhood learning
- plan learning activities
- · implement learning activities
- evaluate learning activities

#### **Structure**

Early Childhood Studies is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Play and creativity
Unit option B	Literacy and numerary
Unit option C	Children's development
Unit option D	Children's wellbeing
Unit option E	Indoor and outdoor environments
Unit option F	The early education and care sector

#### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Early Childhood Studies are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Investigation	Students investigate fundamentals and practices to devise and evaluate the effectiveness of a play-based learning activity.	Planning and evaluation  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students investigate fundamentals and practices to devise, implement and evaluate the effectiveness of a play-based learning activity.	Play-based learning activity Implementation of activity: up to 5 minutes  Planning and evaluation  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

# **Sport & Recreation**

# **Applied senior subject**

Sport and recreation activities are a part of the fabric of Australian life and are an intrinsic part of Australian culture. These activities can encompass social and competitive sport, aquatic and community recreation, fitness and outdoor recreation. For many people, sport and recreation activities form a substantial component of their leisure time. Participation in sport and recreation can make positive contributions to a person's wellbeing.

Sport and recreation activities also represent growth industries in Australia, providing many employment opportunities, many of which will be directly or indirectly associated with hosting Commonwealth, Olympic and Paralympic Games. The skills developed in Sport & Recreation may be oriented toward work, personal fitness or general health and wellbeing. Students will be involved in learning experiences that allow them to develop their interpersonal abilities and encourage them to appreciate and value active involvement in sport and recreational activities, contributing to ongoing personal and community development throughout their lives.

Sport is defined as activities requiring physical exertion, personal challenge and skills as the primary focus, along with elements of competition. Within these activities, rules and patterns of behaviour governing the activity exist formally through organisations. Recreation activities are defined as active pastimes engaged in for the purpose of relaxation, health and wellbeing and/or enjoyment and are recognised as having socially worthwhile qualities. Active recreation requires physical exertion and human activity. Physical activities that meet these classifications can include active play and minor games, challenge and adventure activities, games and sports, lifelong physical activities, and rhythmic and expressive movement activities.

Active participation in sport and recreation activities is central to the learning in Sport & Recreation. Sport & Recreation enables students to engage in sport and recreation activities to experience and learn about the role of sport and recreation in their lives, the lives of others and the community.

Engagement in these activities provides a unique and powerful opportunity for students to experience the challenge and fun of physical activity while developing vocational, life and physical skills.

Each unit requires that students engage in sport and/or recreation activities. They investigate, plan, perform and evaluate procedures and strategies and communicate appropriately to particular audiences for particular purposes.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Sport & Recreation can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of fitness, outdoor recreation and education, sports administration, community health and recreation and sport performance.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- Investigate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes
- plan activities and strategies to enhance outcomes
- perform activities and strategies to enhance outcomes
- evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes.

#### Structure

Sport & Recreation is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains 12 QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Aquatic recreation
Unit option B	Athlete development and wellbeing
Unit option C	Challenge in the outdoors
Unit option D	Coaching and officiating
Unit option E	Community recreation
Unit option F	Emerging trends in sport, fitness and recreation
Unit option G	Event management
Unit option H	Fitness for sport and recreation
Unit option I	Marketing and communication in sport and recreation
Unit option J	Optimising performance
Unit option K	Outdoor leadership
Unit option L	Sustainable outdoor recreation

#### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Sport & Recreation are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Performance	Students investigate, plan, perform and evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes in the unit context.	Performance Performance: up to 4 minutes Investigation, plan and evaluation One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 500 words
Project	Students investigate, plan, perform and evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes in the unit context.	Investigation and session plan One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 500 words  Performance Performance: up to 4 minutes  Evaluation One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 500 words

# **Physical Education**

# General senior subject

Physical Education provides students with knowledge, understanding and skills to explore and enhance their own and others' health and physical activity in diverse and changing contexts.

Physical Education provides a philosophical and educative framework to promote deep learning in three dimensions: about, through and in physical activity contexts. Students optimise their engagement and performance in physical activity as they develop an understanding and appreciation of the interconnectedness of these dimensions.

Students learn how body and movement concepts and the scientific bases of biophysical, sociocultural and psychological concepts and principles are relevant to their engagement and performance in physical activity. They engage in a range of activities to develop movement sequences and movement strategies.

Students learn experientially through three stages of an inquiry approach to make connections between the scientific bases and the physical activity contexts. They recognise and explain concepts and principles about and through movement, and demonstrate and apply body and movement concepts to movement sequences and movement strategies.

Through their purposeful engagement in physical activities, students gather data to analyse, synthesise and devise strategies to optimise engagement and performance.

They engage in reflective decision-making as they evaluate and justify strategies to achieve a particular outcome.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Physical Education can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of exercise science, biomechanics, the allied health professions, psychology, teaching, sport journalism, sport marketing and management, sport promotion, sport development and coaching.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · recognise and explain concepts and principles about movement
- · demonstrate specialised movement sequences and movement strategies
- apply concepts to specialised movement sequences and movement strategies
- · analyse and synthesise data to devise strategies about movement
- evaluate strategies about and in movement
- justify strategies about and in movement
- make decisions about and use language, conventions and mode-appropriate features for particular purposes and contexts.

#### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Motor learning, functional anatomy, biomechanics and physical activity  Motor learning integrated with a selected physical activity  Functional anatomy and biomechanics integrated with a selected physical activity	Sport psychology, equity and physical activity  Sport psychology integrated with a selected physical activity  Equity — barriers and enablers	Tactical awareness, ethics and integrity and physical activity  Tactical awareness integrated with one selected 'Invasion' or 'Net and court' physical activity  Ethics and integrity	Energy, fitness and training and physical activity  • Energy, fitness and training integrated with one selected 'Invasion', 'Net and court' or 'Performance' physical activity

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Project — folio	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Project — folio	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Investigation — report	20%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%

# **Business Studies**

# **Applied senior subject**

Business Studies provides opportunities for students to develop practical business knowledge and skills for use, participation and work in a range of business contexts. Exciting and challenging career opportunities exist in a range of business contexts.

A course of study in Business Studies focuses on business essentials and communication skills delivered through business contexts. Students explore business concepts and develop business practices to produce solutions to business situations.

Business practices provide the foundation of an organisation to enable it to operate and connect with its customers, stakeholders and community. The business practices explored in this course of study could include working in administration, working in finance, working with customers, working in marketing, working in events, and entrepreneurship.

In a course of study, students develop their business knowledge and understanding through applying business practices in business contexts, such as retail, health services, entertainment, tourism, travel and mining. Schools may offer a range of situations and experiences to engage in authentic learning experiences through connections within the school, local community or organisations, businesses and professionals outside of the school. These situations and experiences provide students with opportunities to develop skills important in the workplace to successfully participate in future employment.

Students develop effective decision-making skills and learn how to plan, implement and evaluate business practices, solutions and outcomes, resulting in improved literacy, numeracy and 21st century skills. They examine business information and apply their knowledge and skills related to business situations. The knowledge and skills developed in Business Studies enables students to participate effectively in the business world and as citizens dealing with issues emanating from business activities.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Business Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in office administration, data entry, retail, sales, reception, small business, finance administration, public relations, property management, events administration and marketing.

#### **Objectives**

By the end of the course of study, students should:

- · explain business concepts, processes and practices
- examine business information
- · apply business knowledge
- communicate responses
- evaluate projects

#### **Structure**

Business Studies is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Working in administration
Unit option B	Working in finance
Unit option C	Working with customers
Unit option D	Working in marketing
Unit option E	Working in events
Unit option F	Entrepreneurship

### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Business Studies are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Extended response	Students respond to stimulus related to a business scenario about the unit context.	One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 1000 words
Project	Students develop a business solution for a scenario about the unit context.	Action plan One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 600 words
		Evaluation One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 600 words

# **Social & Community Studies**

# **Applied senior subject**

Social & Community Studies fosters personal and social knowledge and skills that lead to self-management and concern for others in the broader community. It empowers students to think critically, creatively and constructively about their future role in society.

Knowledge and skills to enhance personal development and social relationships provide the foundation of the subject. Personal development incorporates concepts and skills related to self-awareness and self-management, including understanding personal characteristics, behaviours and values; recognising perspectives; analysing personal traits and abilities; and using strategies to develop and maintain wellbeing.

The focus on social relationships includes concepts and skills to assist students engage in constructive interpersonal relationships, as well as participate effectively as members of society, locally, nationally or internationally.

Students engage with this foundational knowledge and skills through a variety of topics that focus on lifestyle choices, personal finance, health, employment, technology, the arts, and Australia's place in the world, among others. In collaborative learning environments, students use an inquiry approach to investigate the dynamics of society and the benefits of working thoughtfully with others in the community, providing them with the knowledge and skills to establish positive relationships and networks, and to be active and informed citizens.

Social & Community Studies encourages students to explore and refine personal values and lifestyle choices. In partnership with families, the school community and the community beyond school, including virtual communities, schools may offer a range of contexts and experiences that provide students with opportunities to practise, develop and value social, community and workplace participation skills.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Social & Community Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment, as it helps students develop the skills and attributes necessary in all workplaces.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- · explain personal and social concepts and skills
- examine personal and social information
- · apply personal and social knowledge
- communicate responses
- · evaluate projects.

#### Structure

Social & Community Studies is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Lifestyle and financial choices
Unit option B	Healthy choices for mind and body
Unit option C	Relationships and work environments
Unit option D	Legal and digital citizenship
Unit option E	Australia and its place in the world
Unit option F	Arts and identity

### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Social & Community Studies are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students develop recommendations or provide advice to address a selected issue related to the unit context.	Item of communication One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 800 words  Evaluation One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 4 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent
		Written: up to 500 words
Extended response	Students respond to stimulus related to issue that is relevant to the unit context.	One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 1000 words
Investigation	Students investigate an issue relevant to the unit context by collecting and examining information to consider solutions and form a response.	One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 1000 words

# **Tourism**

# **Applied senior subject**

Tourism is one of the world's largest industries and one of Australia's most important industries, contributing to gross domestic product and employment.

The term 'tourism industry' describes the complex and diverse businesses and associated activities that provide goods and services to tourists who may be engaging in travel for a range of reasons, including leisure and recreation, work, health and wellbeing, and family.

This subject is designed to give students opportunities to develop a variety of intellectual, technical, creative, operational and workplace skills. It enables students to gain an appreciation of the role of the tourism industry and the structure, scope and operation of the related tourism sectors of travel, hospitality and visitor services.

In Tourism, students examine the sociocultural, environmental and economic aspects of tourism, as well as opportunities and challenges across global, national and local contexts. Tourism provides opportunities for Queensland students to develop understandings that are geographically and culturally significant to them by, for example, investigating tourism activities related to local Aboriginal communities and Torres Strait Islander communities and tourism in their own communities.

The core of Tourism focuses on the practices and approaches of tourism and tourism as an industry; the social, environmental, cultural and economic impacts of tourism; client groups and their needs and wants, and sustainable approaches in tourism. The core learning is embedded in each unit. The objectives allow students to develop and apply tourism-related knowledge through learning experiences and assessment in which they plan projects, analyse challenges and opportunities, make decisions, and reflect on processes and outcomes.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Tourism can establish a basis for further education and employment in businesses and industries such as tourist attractions, cruising, gaming, government and industry organisations, meeting and events coordination, caravan parks, marketing, museums and galleries, tour operations, wineries, cultural liaison, tourism and leisure industry development, and transport and travel.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- explain tourism principles, concepts and practices
- examine tourism data and information
- apply tourism knowledge
- communicate responses
- evaluate projects

#### **Structure**

Tourism is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains five QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Tourism and travel
Unit option B	Tourism marketing
Unit option C	Tourism trends and patterns
Unit option D	Tourism regulation
Unit option E	Tourism industry and careers

### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Tourism are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Investigation	Students investigate a unit related context by collecting and examining data and information.	One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 1000 words
Project	Students develop a traveller information package for an international tourism destination.	Product One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 500 words
		Evaluation One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 500 words

# **Accounting**

# General senior subject

Accounting provides opportunities for students to develop an understanding of the essential role accounting plays in the successful performance of any organisation. It involves systematically organising, critically analysing and communicating financial data and information for decision-making.

Students learn fundamental accounting concepts in order to understand accrual accounting, managerial and accounting controls, internal and external financial statements, and ratio analysis. They synthesise financial and other information, evaluate accounting practices, solve authentic accounting problems, and make and communicate recommendations.

Students develop numerical, literacy, technical, financial, critical thinking, decision-making and problem-solving skills. They develop an understanding of the ethical attitudes and values required to participate effectively and responsibly in a changing business environment.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Accounting can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of accounting, business, management, banking, finance, law, economics and commerce.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · comprehend accounting concepts, principles and processes
- · apply accounting principles and processes
- analyse and interpret financial data and information
- evaluate accounting practices to make decisions and propose recommendations
- synthesise and solve accounting problems
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose and audience.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Real world accounting  Accounting for a service business  — cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and no GST  End-of-month reporting for a service business — no GST	Management effectiveness  Accounting for a trading GST business  End-of-year reporting for a trading GST business	Monitoring a business     Managing resources for a trading GST business     Fully classified financial statement reporting for a trading GST business	Accounting — the big picture     Cash management     Complete accounting process for a trading GST business     Performance analysis of a public company

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Project — cash management	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — short response	25%

# **Business**

# **General senior subject**

Business provides opportunities for students to develop business knowledge and skills to contribute meaningfully to society, the workforce and the marketplace and prepares them as potential employees, employers, leaders, managers and entrepreneurs.

Students investigate the business life cycle, develop skills in examining business data and information and learn business concepts, theories, processes and strategies relevant to leadership, management and entrepreneurship. They investigate the influence of, and implications for, strategic development in the functional areas of finance, human resources, marketing and operations.

Students use a variety of technological, communication and analytical tools to comprehend, analyse, interpret and synthesise business data and information. They engage with the dynamic business world (in both national and global contexts), the changing workforce and emerging digital technologies.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Business can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of business management, business development, entrepreneurship, business analytics, economics, business law, accounting and finance, international business, marketing, human resources management and business information systems.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · describe business environments and situations
- explain business concepts, strategies and processes
- select and analyse business data and information
- · interpret business relationships, patterns and trends to draw conclusions
- evaluate business practices and strategies to make decisions and propose recommendations
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose and audience

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Business creation  Fundamentals of business  Creation of business ideas	Business growth     Establishment of a business     Entering markets	Business diversification  Competitive markets  Strategic development	Business evolution     Repositioning a business     Transformation of a business

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Extended response — feasibility report	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Investigation — business report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%

# Geography

# General senior subject

Geography focuses on the significance of 'place' and 'space' in understanding our world. Students engage in a range of learning experiences that develop their geographical skills and thinking through the exploration of geographical challenges and their effects on people, places and the environment.

Students investigate places in Australia and across the globe to observe and measure spatial, environmental, economic, political, social and cultural factors. They interpret global concerns and challenges including responding to risk in hazard zones, planning sustainable places, managing land cover transformations and planning for population change. They develop an understanding of the complexities involved in sustainable planning and management practices.

Students observe, gather, organise, analyse and present data and information across a range of scales. They engage in real-world applications of geographical skills and thinking, including the collection and representation of data.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Geography can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of urban and environmental design, planning and management; biological and environmental science; conservation and land management; emergency response and hazard management; oceanography, surveying, global security, economics, business, law, engineering, architecture, information technology, and science.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- explain geographical processes
- comprehend geographic patterns
- analyse geographical data and information
- apply geographical understanding
- synthesise information from the analysis to propose action
- communicate geographical understanding.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Responding to risk and vulnerability in hazard zones  Natural hazard zones  Ecological hazard zones	Planning sustainable places  Responding to challenges facing a place in Australia  Managing the challenges facing a megacity	Responding to land cover transformations  • Land cover transformations and climate change  • Responding to local land cover transformations	Managing population change  Population challenges in Australia  Global population change

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Investigation — data report	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Investigation — field report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  Examination — combination response	25%

# **Legal Studies**

# **General senior subject**

Legal Studies focuses on the interaction between society and the discipline of law and explores the role and development of law in response to current issues. Students study the legal system and how it regulates activities and aims to protect the rights of individuals, while balancing these with obligations and responsibilities.

Students study the foundations of law, the criminal justice process and the civil justice system. They critically examine issues of governance, explore contemporary issues of law reform and change, and consider Australian and international human rights issues.

Students develop skills of inquiry, critical thinking, problem-solving and reasoning to make informed and ethical decisions and recommendations. They identify and describe legal issues, explore information and data, analyse, evaluate to make decisions or propose recommendations, and create responses that convey legal meaning. They question, explore and discuss tensions between changing social values, justice and equitable outcomes.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Legal Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of law, law enforcement, criminology, justice studies and politics. The knowledge, skills and attitudes students gain are transferable to all discipline areas and post-schooling tertiary pathways. The research and analytical skills this course develops are universally valued in business, health, science and engineering industries.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- comprehend legal concepts, principles and processes
- select legal information from sources
- · analyse legal issues
- · evaluate legal situations
- create responses that communicate meaning.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Beyond reasonable doubt  Legal foundations  Criminal investigation process  Criminal trial process  Punishment and sentencing	Balance of probabilities     Civil law foundations     Contractual obligations     Negligence and the duty of care	Law, governance and change  Governance in Australia  Law reform within a dynamic society	<ul> <li>Human rights in legal contexts</li> <li>Human rights</li> <li>The effectiveness of international law</li> <li>Human rights in Australian contexts</li> </ul>

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	nit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Investigation — argumentative essay	25%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Investigation — inquiry report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%	

# **Modern History**

# **General senior subject**

Modern History provides opportunities for students to gain historical knowledge and understanding about some of the main forces that have contributed to the development of the Modern World and to think historically and form a historical consciousness in relation to these same forces.

Modern History enables students to empathise with others and make meaningful connections between the past, present and possible futures.

Students learn that the past is contestable and tentative. Through inquiry into ideas, movements, national experiences and international experiences they discover how the past consists of various perspectives and interpretations.

Students gain a range of transferable skills that will help them become empathetic and critically-literate citizens who are equipped to embrace a multicultural, pluralistic, inclusive, democratic, compassionate and sustainable future.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Modern History can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of history, education, psychology, sociology, law, business, economics, politics, journalism, the media, writing, academia and strategic analysis.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · comprehend terms, concepts and issues
- devise historical questions and conduct research
- analyse evidence from historical sources to show understanding
- synthesise evidence from historical sources to form a historical argument
- evaluate evidence from historical sources to make judgments
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Ideas in the modern world  Australian Frontier Wars, 1788–1930s  Age of Enlightenment, 1750s–1789  Industrial Revolution, 1760s–1890s  American Revolution, 1763–1783  French Revolution, 1789–1799  Age of Imperialism, 1848–1914  Meiji Restoration, 1868–1912	<ul> <li>Movements in the modern world</li> <li>Australian Indigenous rights movement since 1967</li> <li>Independence movement in India, 1857–1947</li> <li>Workers' movement since the 1860s</li> <li>Women's movement since 1893</li> <li>May Fourth Movement in China, 1919</li> <li>Independence movement in Algeria, 1945–1962</li> </ul>	National experiences in the modern world  Australia, 1914–1949  England, 1756–1837  France, 1799–1815  New Zealand, 1841–1934  Germany,1914–1945  United States of America, 1917–1945  Soviet Union, 1920s–1945  Japan, 1931–1967  China, 1931–1976  Indonesia, 1942–1975  India, 1947–1974  Israel, 1948–1993	International experiences in the modern world  • Australian engagement with Asia since 1945  • Search for collective peace and security since 1815  • Trade and commerce between nations since 1833  • Mass migrations since 1848  • Information Age since 1936  • Genocides and ethnic cleansings since the 1930s  • Nuclear Age since 1945  • Cold War, 1945–1991
<ul> <li>Boxer Rebellion, 1900–1901</li> <li>Russian Revolution, 1905–1920s</li> <li>Xinhai Revolution, 1911–1912</li> <li>Iranian Revolution, 1977–1979</li> <li>Arab Spring since 2010</li> <li>Alternative topic for Unit 1</li> </ul>	Independence movement in Vietnam, 1945–1975 Anti-apartheid movement in South Africa, 1948–1991 African-American civil rights movement, 1954–1968 Environmental movement since the 1960s LGBTIQ civil rights movement since 1969 Pro-democracy movement in Myanmar (Burma) since 1988 Alternative topic for Unit 2	• South Korea, 1948–1972	<ul> <li>Struggle for peace in the Middle East since 1948</li> <li>Cultural globalisation since 1956</li> <li>Space exploration since 1957</li> <li>Rights and recognition of First Peoples since 1982</li> <li>Terrorism, anti-terrorism and counter- terrorism since 1984</li> </ul>

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	25%	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — essay in response to historical sources	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Investigation — historical essay based on research	25%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Investigation — independent source investigation	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — short responses to historical sources	25%	

# **Japanese**

### General senior subject

Japanese provides students with the opportunity to reflect on their understanding of the Japanese language and the communities that use it, while also assisting in the effective negotiation of experiences and meaning across cultures and languages. Students participate in a range of interactions in which they exchange meaning, develop intercultural understanding and become active participants in understanding and constructing written, spoken and visual texts.

Students communicate with people from Japanese-speaking communities to understand the purpose and nature of language and to gain understanding of linguistic structures. They acquire language in social and cultural settings and communicate across a range of contexts for a variety of purposes.

Students experience and evaluate a range of different text types; reorganise their thinking to accommodate other linguistic and intercultural knowledge and textual conventions; and create texts for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences.

#### **Pathwavs**

A course of study in Japanese can establish a basis for further education and employment in many professions and industries, particularly those where the knowledge of an additional language and the intercultural understanding it encompasses could be of value, such as business, hospitality, law, science, technology, sociology and education.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- comprehend Japanese to understand information, ideas, opinions and experiences
- identify tone, purpose, context and audience to infer meaning, values and attitudes
- analyse and evaluate information and ideas to draw conclusions and justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- apply knowledge of Japanese language elements, structures and textual conventions to convey meaning appropriate to context, purpose, audience and cultural conventions
- structure, sequence and synthesise information to justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- use strategies to maintain communication and exchange meaning in Japanese.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
私のくらし My world • Family/carers and friends • Lifestyle and leisure • Education	私達のまわり Exploring our world • Travel • Technology and media • The contribution of Japanese culture to the world	私達の社会 Our society  Roles and relationships Socialising and connecting with my peers Groups in society	<b>私の将来 My future</b> • Finishing secondary school, plans and reflections • Responsibilities and moving on

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — short response	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Extended response	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Examination — combination response	30%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%

# **Essential Mathematics**

# **Applied senior subject**

Essential Mathematics' major domains are Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance.

Essential Mathematics benefits students because they develop skills that go beyond the traditional ideas of numeracy.

Students develop their conceptual understanding when they undertake tasks that require them to connect mathematical concepts, operations and relations. They learn to recognise definitions, rules and facts from everyday mathematics and data, and to calculate using appropriate mathematical processes.

Students interpret and use mathematics to make informed predictions and decisions about personal and financial priorities. This is achieved through an emphasis on estimation, problem-solving and reasoning, which develops students into thinking citizens.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Essential Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of trade, industry, business and community services. Students learn within a practical context related to general employment and successful participation in society, drawing on the mathematics used by various professional and industry groups.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- select, recall and use facts, rules, definitions and procedures drawn from Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance
- comprehend mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance
- communicate using mathematical, statistical and everyday language and conventions
- · evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions by explaining mathematical reasoning
- solve problems by applying mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Number, data and graphs     Fundamental topic: Calculations     Number     Representing data     Graphs	<ul> <li>Money, travel and data</li> <li>Fundamental topic: Calculations</li> <li>Managing money</li> <li>Time and motion</li> <li>Data collection</li> </ul>	Measurement, scales and data  Fundamental topic: Calculations  Measurement  Scales, plans and models  Summarising and comparing data	Graphs, chance and loans  Fundamental topic: Calculations  Bivariate graphs  Probability and relative frequencies  Loans and compound interest

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. Schools develop three summative internal assessments and the common internal assessment (CIA) is developed by the QCAA.

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Problem-solving and modelling task	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Problem-solving and modelling task
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Common internal assessment (CIA)	Summative internal assessment (IA4):  • Examination

# **General Mathematics**

# General senior subject

General Mathematics' major domains are Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices, building on the content of the P–10 Australian Curriculum.

General Mathematics is designed for students who want to extend their mathematical skills beyond Year 10 but whose future studies or employment pathways do not require calculus.

Students build on and develop key mathematical ideas, including rates and percentages, concepts from financial mathematics, linear and non-linear expressions, sequences, the use of matrices and networks to model and solve authentic problems, the use of trigonometry to find solutions to practical problems, and the exploration of real-world phenomena in statistics.

Students engage in a practical approach that equips learners for their needs as future citizens. They learn to ask appropriate questions, map out pathways, reason about complex solutions, set up models and communicate in different forms. They experience the relevance of mathematics to their daily lives, communities and cultural backgrounds. They develop the ability to understand, analyse and take action regarding social issues in their world.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in General Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of business, commerce, education, finance, IT, social science and the arts.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- select, recall and use facts, rules, definitions and procedures drawn from Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices
- comprehend mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices
- communicate using mathematical, statistical and everyday language and conventions
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions by explaining mathematical reasoning
- solve problems by applying mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Money, measurement and relations  Consumer arithmetic Shape and measurement Linear equations and their graphs	Applied trigonometry, algebra, matrices and univariate data  • Applications of trigonometry  • Algebra and matrices  • Univariate data analysis	Bivariate data, sequences and change, and Earth geometry  • Bivariate data analysis  • Time series analysis  • Growth and decay in sequences  • Earth geometry and time zones	Investing and networking  Loans, investments and annuities Graphs and networks Networks and decision mathematics

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination	15%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination	15%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

# **Mathematical Methods**

### General senior subject

Mathematical Methods' major domains are Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics.

Mathematical Methods enables students to see the connections between mathematics and other areas of the curriculum and apply their mathematical skills to real-world problems, becoming critical thinkers, innovators and problem-solvers.

Students learn topics that are developed systematically, with increasing levels of sophistication, complexity and connection, and build on algebra, functions and their graphs, and probability from the P–10 Australian Curriculum. Calculus is essential for developing an understanding of the physical world. The domain Statistics is used to describe and analyse phenomena involving uncertainty and variation. Both are the basis for developing effective models of the world and solving complex and abstract mathematical problems.

Students develop the ability to translate written, numerical, algebraic, symbolic and graphical information from one representation to another. They make complex use of factual knowledge to successfully formulate, represent and solve mathematical problems.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Mathematical Methods can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of natural and physical sciences (especially physics and chemistry), mathematics and science education, medical and health sciences (including human biology, biomedical science, nanoscience and forensics), engineering (including chemical, civil, electrical and mechanical engineering, avionics, communications and mining), computer science (including electronics and software design), psychology and business.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- select, recall and use facts, rules, definitions and procedures drawn from Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics
- comprehend mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics
- communicate using mathematical, statistical and everyday language and conventions
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions by explaining mathematical reasoning

solve problems by applying mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Algebra, statistics and functions     Arithmetic and geometric sequences and series 1     Functions and graphs     Counting and probability     Exponential functions 1     Arithmetic and geometric sequences	Calculus and further functions Exponential functions 2 The logarithmic function 1 Trigonometric functions 1 Introduction to differential calculus Further differentiation and applications 1 Discrete random variables 1	Further calculus     The logarithmic function 2     Further differentiation and applications 2     Integrals	Further functions and statistics  Further differentiation and applications 3  Trigonometric functions 2  Discrete random variables 2  Continuous random variables and the normal distribution  Interval estimates for proportions

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination	15%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination	15%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

# **Specialist Maths**

### General senior subject

Specialist Mathematics' major domains are Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus.

Specialist Mathematics is designed for students who develop confidence in their mathematical knowledge and ability, and gain a positive view of themselves as mathematics learners. They will gain an appreciation of the true nature of mathematics, its beauty and its power.

Students learn topics that are developed systematically, with increasing levels of sophistication, complexity and connection, building on functions, calculus, statistics from Mathematical Methods, while vectors, complex numbers and matrices are introduced. Functions and calculus are essential for creating models of the physical world. Statistics are used to describe and analyse phenomena involving probability, uncertainty and variation. Matrices, complex numbers and vectors are essential tools for explaining abstract or complex relationships that occur in scientific and technological endeavours.

Student learning experiences range from practising essential mathematical routines to developing procedural fluency, through to investigating scenarios, modelling the real world, solving problems and explaining reasoning.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Specialist Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, all branches of mathematics and statistics, computer science, medicine, engineering, finance and economics.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- select, recall and use facts, rules, definitions and procedures drawn from Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry,
   Statistics and Calculus
- comprehend mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus
- communicate using mathematical, statistical and everyday language and conventions
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions by explaining mathematical reasoning
- solve problems by applying mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers,
   Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus

#### Structure

Specialist Mathematics is to be undertaken in conjunction with, or on completion of, Mathematical Methods.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Combinatorics, vectors and proof	Complex numbers, trigonometry, functions and matrices  Complex numbers 1 Trigonometry and functions  Matrices	Mathematical induction, and further vectors, matrices and complex numbers  Proof by mathematical induction  Vectors and matrices  Complex numbers 2	Further statistical and calculus inference  Integration and applications of integration  Rates of change and differential equations  Statistical inference

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### Summative assessments

Examination

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination	15%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination	15%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50%			·

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# **Agricultural Science**

# **General senior subject**

Agricultural Science is an interdisciplinary science subject suited to students who are interested in the application of science in a real-world context. They understand the importance of using science to predict possible effects of human and other activity, and to develop management plans or alternative technologies that minimise these effects and provide for a more sustainable future.

Students examine the plant and animal science required to understand agricultural systems, their interactions and their components. They examine resources and their use and management in agricultural enterprises, the implications of using and consuming these resources, and associated management approaches. Students investigate how agricultural production systems are managed through an understanding of plant and animal physiology, and how they can be manipulated to ensure productivity and sustainability. They consider how environmental, social and financial factors can be used to evaluate production systems, and how research and innovation can be used and managed to improve food and fibre production.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skill of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Agricultural Science can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of agriculture, horticulture, agronomy, ecology, food technology, aquaculture, veterinary science, equine science, environmental science, natural resource management, wildlife, conservation and ecotourism, biotechnology, business, marketing, education and literacy, research and development.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe and explain scientific concepts, theories, models and systems and their limitations
- apply understanding of scientific concepts, theories, models and systems within their limitations
- analyse evidence
- interpret evidence
- investigate phenomena
- evaluate processes, claims and conclusions
- communicate understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Agricultural systems	Resources     Management of renewable resources     Physical resource management     Agricultural management, research and innovation	Agricultural production      Animal production B     Plant production B     Agricultural enterprises B	Agricultural management     Enterprise management     Evaluation of an agricultural enterprise's sustainability

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

# **Biology**

# **General senior subject**

Biology provides opportunities for students to engage with living systems.

Students develop their understanding of cells and multicellular organisms. They engage with the concept of maintaining the internal environment. They study biodiversity and the interconnectedness of life. This knowledge is linked with the concepts of heredity and the continuity of life.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society. They develop their sense of wonder and curiosity about life; respect for all living things and the environment; understanding of biological systems, concepts, theories and models; appreciation of how biological knowledge has developed over time and continues to develop; a sense of how biological knowledge influences society.

Students plan and carry out fieldwork, laboratory and other research investigations; interpret evidence; use sound, evidence-based arguments creatively and analytically when evaluating claims and applying biological knowledge; and communicate biological understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Biology can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of medicine, forensics, veterinary, food and marine sciences, agriculture, biotechnology, environmental rehabilitation, biosecurity, quarantine, conservation and sustainability.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe and explain scientific concepts, theories, models and systems and their limitations
- apply understanding of scientific concepts, theories, models and systems within their limitations
- analyse evidence
- interpret evidence
- investigate phenomena
- evaluate processes, claims and conclusions
- communicate understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Cells and multicellular organisms	Maintaining the internal environment	Biodiversity and the interconnectedness of life	Heredity and continuity of life  • DNA, genes and the
<ul> <li>Cells as the basis of life</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Homeostasis</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describing biodiversity</li> </ul>	continuity of life
Multicellular organisms	<ul> <li>Infectious diseases</li> </ul>	Ecosystem dynamics	Continuity of life on Earth

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Data test	1 0 %	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  Research investigation	2 0 %
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Student experiment	2 0 %		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

# Chemistry

# **General senior subject**

Chemistry is the study of materials and their properties and structure.

Students study atomic theory, chemical bonding, and the structure and properties of elements and compounds. They explore intermolecular forces, gases, aqueous solutions, acidity and rates of reaction. They study equilibrium processes and redox reactions. They explore organic chemistry, synthesis and design to examine the characteristic chemical properties and chemical reactions displayed by different classes of organic compounds.

Students develop their appreciation of chemistry and its usefulness; understanding of chemical theories, models and chemical systems; expertise in conducting scientific investigations. They critically evaluate and debate scientific arguments and claims in order to solve problems and generate informed, responsible and ethical conclusions, and communicate chemical understanding and findings through the use of appropriate representations, language and nomenclature.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Chemistry can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of forensic science, environmental science, engineering, medicine, pharmacy and sports science.

#### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · describe and explain scientific concepts, theories, models and systems and their limitations
- apply understanding of scientific concepts, theories, models and systems within their limitations
- analyse evidence
- interpret evidence
- investigate phenomena
- · evaluate processes, claims and conclusions

communicate understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions.

#### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Chemical fundamentals — structure, properties and reactions  Properties and structure of atoms  Properties and structure of materials  Chemical reactions —reactants, products and energy change	Molecular interactions and reactions  Intermolecular forces and gases Aqueous solutions and acidity Rates of chemical reactions	Equilibrium, acids and redox reactions  Chemical equilibrium systems  Oxidation and reduction	Structure, synthesis and design  Properties and structure of organic materials  Chemical synthesis and design

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  Research investigation	20%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Student experiment	20%			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50%  • Examination				

# **Physics**

### **General senior subject**

Physics provides opportunities for students to engage with classical and modern understandings of the universe.

Students learn about the fundamental concepts of thermodynamics, electricity and nuclear processes; and about the concepts and theories that predict and describe the linear motion of objects. Further, they explore how scientists explain some phenomena using an understanding of waves. They engage with the concept of gravitational and electromagnetic fields and the relevant forces associated with them. They study modern physics theories and models that, despite being counterintuitive, are fundamental to our understanding of many common observable phenomena.

Students develop appreciation of the contribution physics makes to society: understanding that diverse natural phenomena may be explained, analysed and predicted using concepts, models and theories that provide a reliable basis for action; and that matter and energy interact in physical systems across a range of scales. They understand how models and theories are refined, and new ones developed in physics; investigate phenomena and solve problems; collect and analyse data; and interpret evidence. Students use accurate and precise measurement, valid and reliable evidence, and scepticism and intellectual rigour to evaluate claims; and communicate physics understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Physics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, engineering, medicine and technology.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe and explain scientific concepts, theories, models and systems and their limitations
- apply understanding of scientific concepts, theories, models and systems within their limitations
- analyse evidence
- interpret evidence
- investigate phenomena
- · evaluate processes, claims and conclusions

communicate understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions.

### **Structure**

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Thermal, nuclear and electrical physics  • Heating processes  • Ionising radiation and nuclear reactions  • Electrical circuits	<ul><li>Linear motion and waves</li><li>Linear motion and force</li><li>Waves</li></ul>	Gravity and electromagnetism Gravity and motion Electromagnetism	Revolutions in modern physics

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50%  • Examination			

# **Engineering Skills**

### Applied senior subject

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by the Australian manufacturing industry to produce products. The manufacturing industry transform raw materials into products wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Engineering Skills includes the study of the manufacturing and engineering industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by manufacturing enterprises to manage the manufacture of products from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to produce products. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of product quality at a specific price and time.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the structural, transport and manufacturing engineering industrial sectors. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, and select and demonstrate safe practical production processes using hand and power tools, machinery and equipment. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes, organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Engineering Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in engineering trades. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found, for example, as a sheet metal worker, metal fabricator, welder, maintenance fitter, metal machinist, locksmith, air-conditioning mechanic, refrigeration mechanic or automotive mechanic.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- · demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and structures
- adapt plans, skills and procedures.

#### **Structure**

Engineering Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Fitting and machining
Unit option B	Welding and fabrication
Unit option C	Sheet metal working
Unit option D	Production in the structural engineering industry
Unit option E	Production in the transport engineering industry
Unit option F	Production in the manufacturing engineering industry

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Engineering Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration when manufacturing a unit context artefact and reflect on industry practices, and production skills and procedures.	Practical demonstration: Practical demonstration: the skills and procedures used in 3–5 production processes  Documentation: Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students manufacture a unit context product that consists of multiple interconnected components and document the manufacturing process.	Product: 1 fitting and machining product manufactured using the skills and procedures in 5–7 production processes  Manufacturing process: Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

### **Fashion**

### Applied senior subject

Technologies have been an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. Advances in technology have enabled more efficient textile manufacture and garment production, and together with media and digital technologies, have made fashion a dynamic global industry that supports a wide variety of vocations, including fashion design, production, merchandising and sales.

Fashion is a significant part of life — every day, people make choices about clothing and accessories. Identity often shapes and is shaped by fashion choices, which range from purely practical to the highly aesthetic and esoteric.

In Fashion, students learn to appreciate the design aesthetics of others while developing their own personal style and aesthetic. They explore contemporary fashion culture; learn to identify, understand and interpret fashion trends; and examine how the needs of different markets are met. Students use their imagination to create, innovate and express themselves and their ideas. They design and produce fashion products in response to briefs in a range of fashion contexts.

Students learn about practices and production processes in fashion industry contexts. Practices are used by fashion businesses to manage the production of products. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to products. Students engage in applied learning to recognise, apply and demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and, where possible, collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet client expectations of quality and cost.

Applied learning in fashion tasks supports student development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to domestic fashion industries and future employment opportunities. Students learn to recognise and apply practices; interpret briefs; demonstrate and apply safe practical production processes using relevant equipment; communicate using oral, written and spoken modes; and organise, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through production tasks that relate to industry and that promote adaptable, competent, self-motivated and safe individuals who can work with colleagues to solve problems and complete practical work.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Fashion can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of design, personal styling, costume design, production manufacture, merchandising, and retail.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate practices, skills and processes
- interpret briefs
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills, procedures and products
- adapt production plans, techniques and procedures.

### **Structures**

Fashion is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Fashion designers
Unit option B	Historical fashion influences
Unit option C	Slow fashion
Unit option D	Collections
Unit option E	Industry trends
Unit option F	Adornment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Fashion are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students design and produce fashion garment/s, drawings, collections or items.	Fashion product Product: fashion garment/s
		Planning and evaluation  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students create/design and/or produce an outfit, garments, campaigns or extension lines.	Awareness campaign promoting sustainable fashion practices Product: awareness campaign that uses technology, e.g. a fashion shoot, promotional or instructional video or blog
		Planning and evaluation  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

# **Furnishing Skills**

### **Applied senior subject**

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by Australian manufacturing industries to produce products. The manufacturing industry transforms raw materials into products wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Furnishing Skills includes the study of the manufacturing and furnishing industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by furnishing enterprises to manage the manufacture of products from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to produce products. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of product quality at a specific price and time.

Applied learning in manufacturing tasks supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the domestic, commercial and bespoke furnishing industries. Students learn to recognise and apply industry practices, interpret drawings and technical information and demonstrate and apply safe practical production processes using hand/power tools and machinery. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes, organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Furnishing Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in the furnishing industry. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found in furnishing trades as, for example, a furniture-maker, wood machinist, cabinet-maker, polisher, shopfitter, upholsterer, furniture restorer, picture framer, floor finisher or glazier.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- · demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- · interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures.
- · sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and products
- adapt plans, skills and procedures.

### **Structure**

Furnishing Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title	
Unit option A	Furniture-making	
Unit option B	Furniture-making	
Unit option C	Interior furnishing	
Unit option D	Production in the domestic furniture industry	
Unit option E	Production in the commercial furniture industry	
Unit option F	Production in the bespoke furniture industry	

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Furnishing Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration when manufacturing a unit context artefact and reflect on industry practices, and production skills and procedures.	Practical demonstration: Practical demonstration: the skills and procedures used in 3–5 production processes  Documentation: Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students manufacture a product and document the manufacturing process.	<b>Product:</b> 1 multi-material furniture product manufactured using the skills and procedures in 5–7 production processes <b>Manufacturing process:</b> Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

# **Hospitality Practices**

### Applied senior subject

Technologies have been an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. The hospitality industry is important economically and socially in Australian society and is one of the largest employers in the country. It specialises in delivering products and services to customers and consists of different sectors, including food and beverage, accommodation, clubs and gaming. Hospitality offers a range of exciting and challenging long-term career opportunities across a range of businesses. The industry is dynamic and uses skills that are transferable across sectors and locations.

The Hospitality Practices syllabus emphasises the food and beverage sector, which includes food and beverage production and service. The subject includes the study of industry practices and production processes through real-world related application in the hospitality industry context. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to implement hospitality events. Students engage in applied learning to recognise, apply and demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to perform production and service skills, and meet customer expectations of quality in event contexts.

Applied learning hospitality tasks supports student development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to the hospitality industry and future employment opportunities. Students learn to recognise and apply industry practices; interpret briefs and specifications; demonstrate and apply safe practical production processes; communicate using oral, written and spoken modes; develop personal attributes that contribute to employability; and organise, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes for the events they implement. The majority of learning is done through hospitality tasks that relate to industry and that promote adaptable, competent, self-motivated and safe individuals who can work with colleagues to solve problems and complete practical work.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Hospitality Practices can establish a basis for further education and employment in the hospitality sectors of food and beverage, catering, accommodation and entertainment. Students could pursue further studies in hospitality, hotel, event and tourism or business management, which allows for specialisation.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate practices, skills and processes
- interpret briefs
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills, procedures and products
- adapt production plans, techniques and procedures.

### Structure

Hospitality Practices is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Culinary trends
Unit option B	Bar and barista basics
Unit option C	In-house dining
Unit option D	Casual dining
Unit option E	Formal dining
Unit option F	Guest services

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Hospitality Practices are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students produce and present an item related to the unit context in response to a brief.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: menu item Planning and evaluation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students plan and deliver an event incorporating the unit context in response to a brief.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: delivery of event Planning and evaluation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Investigation	Students investigate and evaluate practices, skills and processes.	Investigation and evaluation One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Written: up to 1000 words

# **Industrial Technology Skills**

### **Applied senior subject**

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by Australian manufacturing industries to produce products. The manufacturing industry transforms raw materials into products wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Industrial Technology Skills includes the study of industry practices and production processes through students' application in and through trade learning contexts in a range of industrial sector industries, including building and construction, engineering and furnishing. Industry practices are used by industrial sector enterprises to manage the manufacture of products from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to produce products. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills of the core learning in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of product quality at a specific price and time.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to a variety of industries. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, select and demonstrate safe practical production processes using hand/power tools, machinery and equipment, communicate using oral, written and graphical modes, organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Industrial Technology Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in manufacturing industries. Employment opportunities may be found in the industry areas of aeroskills, automotive, building and construction, engineering, furnishing, industrial graphics and plastics.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills, procedures and products
- · adapt plans, skills and procedures.

#### **Structure**

Industrial Technology Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains the four industrial sector syllabuses with QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

When selecting units to design a course of study in Industrial Technology Skills, the units must:

- be drawn from at least two industrial sector syllabuses and include no more than two units from each
- not be offered at the school in any other Applied industrial sector syllabus.

### **Assessment**

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Industrial Technology Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Available in the selected industrial sector syllabus.	
Project		

# **Arts in Practice**

### Applied senior subject

The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential. Arts subjects provide opportunities for students to learn problem-solving processes, design and create art, and use multiple literacies to communicate intention with diverse audiences.

In Arts in Practice, students embrace studies in and across the visual, performing and media arts — dance, drama, media arts, music, and visual arts. While these five disciplines reflect distinct bodies of knowledge and skills and involve different approaches and ways of working, they have close relationships and are often integrated in authentic, contemporary art-making that cannot be clearly categorised as a single arts form.

Students plan and make arts works for a range of purposes and contexts, and respond to the work created by themselves, their peers and industry professionals. When responding, students use analytical processes to identify problems and develop plans or designs for arts works. They use reasoning and decision-making to justify their choices, reflecting and evaluating on the success of their own and others' art-making. When making, students demonstrate knowledge and understanding of interdisciplinary arts practices to communicate artistic intention. They develop competency with and independent selection of art-making tools and features, synthesising ideas developed throughout the responding phase to create arts works. Arts works may be a performance, product, or combination of both.

Learning is connected to relevant industry practice and opportunities, promoting future employment, and preparing students as agile, competent, innovative, and safe workers who can work collaboratively to solve problems and complete project-based work in various contexts.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Arts in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment by providing students with the knowledge and skills that will enhance their employment prospects in the creative arts and entertainment industries. Employment opportunities, with additional training and experience, may be found in areas such as arts management and promotions, arts advertising and marketing, theatre and concert performance, multimedia, video game and digital entertainment design, screen and media, and creative communications and design.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- · use arts practices
- · plan arts works
- communicate ideas
- evaluate arts works

#### **Structure**

Arts in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains four QCAA-developed units as options for schools to combine in any order to develop their course of study. Students must demonstrate at least two arts disciplines as either single or integrated outcomes across the two assessments in each unit.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Issues
Unit option B	Celebration
Unit option C	Clients
Unit option D	Showcase

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. Students must demonstrate at least two arts disciplines as either single or integrated outcomes across the two assessments in each unit. The assessment techniques used in Arts in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students plan, make and evaluate an arts work to communicate the unit focus about a selected issue, celebration, event, opportunity or exploration.	Arts work A product or performance using one of the following:  2D, 3D, digital (static): up to 4 resolved works Time-based, audio, moving image: up to 3 minutes Written: up to 800 words Composition: up to 4 minutes Choreography: up to 4 minutes Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media Planning and evaluation of arts work One of the following: Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media Written: up to 600 words Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent
Product or performance	Students make an arts work in response to the selected issue, celebration, event, opportunity explored in the project and communicate ideas about the unit focus.	Arts work A product or performance using one of the following:  • 2D, 3D, digital (static): up to 4 resolved works  • Time-based, audio, moving image: up to 3 minutes  • Written: up to 800 words  • Composition: up to 4 minutes  • Choreography: up to 4 minutes  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

# **Visual Arts in Practice**

### **Applied senior subject**

The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential. Arts subjects provide opportunities for students to learn problem-solving processes, design and create art, and use multiple literacies to communicate intention with diverse audiences.

In Visual Arts in Practice, students respond to authentic, real-world stimulus (e.g. problems, events, stories, places, objects, the work of artists or artisans), seeing or making new links between art-making purposes and contexts. They explore visual language in combination with media, technologies and skills to make artworks. Throughout the course, students are exposed to two or more art-making modes, selecting from 2D, 3D, digital (static) and time-based and using these in isolation or combination, as well as innovating new ways of working.

When responding, students use analytical processes to identify problems and develop plans or designs for artworks. They use reasoning and decision-making to justify their choices, reflecting and evaluating on the success of their own and others' art-making. When making, students demonstrate knowledge and understanding of visual features to communicate artistic intention. They develop competency with and independent selection of media, technologies and skills as they make experimental and resolved artworks, synthesising ideas developed throughout the responding phase.

Learning is connected to relevant industry practice and opportunities, promoting future employment and preparing students as agile, competent, innovative and safe workers who can work collaboratively to solve problems and complete project-based work in various contexts.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Visual Arts in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of fields, including design, styling, decorating, illustrating, drafting, visual merchandising, make-up artistry, advertising, game design, photography, animation or ceramics.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- use visual arts practices
- plan artworks
- communicate ideas
- evaluate artworks.

### **Structure**

Visual Arts in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains four QCAA-developed units as options for schools to combine in any order to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Looking inwards (self)
Unit option B	Looking outwards (others)
Unit option C	Clients
Unit option D	Transform & extend

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Visual Arts in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students make artwork, design proposals and stylistic experiments. They evaluate artworks, art style and/or practices that explore the focus of the unit. Students plan resolved artworks.	Experimental folio Up to 8 experimental artworks: 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based (up to 30 seconds) OR Prototype artwork One of the following:  2D, 3D, digital (static): up to 4 artwork/s Time-based: up to 3 minutes OR Design proposal Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media, including up to 4 prototype artwork/s — 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based (up to 30 seconds each) OR Folio of stylistic experiments Up to 8 experimental artworks: 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based (up to 30 seconds) AND Planning and evaluations One of the following:  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media Written: up to 600 words Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent
Resolved artwork	Students make a resolved artwork that communicates and/or addresses the focus of the unit.	Resolved artwork One of the following:  • 2D, 3D, digital (static): up to 4 artwork/s  • Time-based: up to 3 minutes

### Drama

### **General senior subject**

Drama fosters creative and expressive communication. It interrogates the human experience by investigating, communicating and embodying stories, experiences, emotions and ideas that reflect the human experience. It engages students in imaginative meaning-making processes and involves them using a range of artistic skills as they make and respond to dramatic works.

Students experience, reflect on, understand, communicate, collaborate and appreciate different perspectives of themselves, others and the world in which they live. They learn about the dramatic languages and how these contribute to the creation, interpretation and critique of dramatic action and meaning for a range of purposes. They study a range of forms, styles and their conventions in a variety of inherited traditions, current practice and emerging trends, including those from different cultures and contexts.

Students learn how to engage with dramatic works as both artists and audience through the use of critical literacies. The study of drama develops students' knowledge, skills and understanding in the making of and responding to dramatic works to help them realise their creative and expressive potential as individuals. Students learn to pose and solve problems, and work independently and collaboratively.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Drama can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of drama, and to broader areas in creative industries and cultural institutions, including arts administration and management, communication, education, public relations, research and science and technology.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · demonstrate an understanding of dramatic languages
- apply literacy skills
- · apply and structure dramatic languages
- analyse how dramatic languages are used to create dramatic action and meaning
- interpret purpose, context and text to communicate dramatic meaning
- manipulate dramatic languages to create dramatic action and meaning
- evaluate and justify the use of dramatic languages to communicate dramatic meaning
- synthesise and argue a position about dramatic action and meaning.

#### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Share     How does drama promote shared understandings of the human experience?     cultural inheritances of storytelling     oral history and emerging practices     a range of linear and non-linear forms	Reflect How is drama shaped to reflect lived experience? • Realism, including Magical Realism, Australian Gothic • associated conventions of styles and texts	Challenge How can we use drama to challenge our understanding of humanity?  Theatre of Social Comment, including Theatre of the Absurd and Epic Theatre associated conventions of styles and texts	Transform How can you transform dramatic practice? • Contemporary performance • associated conventions of styles and texts • inherited texts as stimulus

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Project — practice-led project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  Project — dramatic concept	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination — extended response	·		

### Music

### **General senior subject**

Music fosters creative and expressive communication. It allows students to develop musicianship through making (composition and performance) and responding (musicology).

Through composition, performance and musicology, students use and apply music elements and concepts. They apply their knowledge and understanding to convey meaning and/or emotion to an audience.

Students use essential literacy skills to engage in a multimodal world. They demonstrate practical music skills, and analyse and evaluate music in a variety of contexts, styles and genres.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Music can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields such as arts administration and management, music journalism, arts/music education, creative and performance industries, music/media advertising, music and voice therapy, music/entertainment law, and the recording industry.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- demonstrate technical skills
- explain the use of music elements and concepts
- use music elements and concepts
- analyse music
- · apply compositional devices
- · apply literacy skills
- interpret music elements and concepts
- · evaluate music to justify the use of music elements and concepts
- · realise music ideas
- resolve music ideas.

#### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Designs Through inquiry learning, the following is explored: How does the treatment and combination of different music elements enable musicians to design music that communicates meaning through performance and composition?	Identities Through inquiry learning, the following is explored: How do musicians use their understanding of music elements, concepts and practices to communicate cultural, political, social and personal identities when performing, composing and responding to music?	Innovations Through inquiry learning, the following is explored: How do musicians incorporate innovative music practices to communicate meaning when performing and composing?	Narratives Through inquiry learning, the following is explored: How do musicians manipulate music elements to communicate narrative when performing, composing and responding to music?

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Integrated project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  Composition	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination			

# **Music Extension (Year 12 Only)**

### General senior subject

Music Extension is an extension of the Music General senior syllabus. It provides an opportunity for students with specific abilities in music to extend their expertise. Students select one specialisation only, and follow an individual program of study designed to continue the development of refined musicianship skills. Music Extension encourages students to investigate music concepts and ideas relevant to their specialisation.

In the **Composition specialisation** (making), students create and resolve new music works. They demonstrate use of music concepts and manipulate music concepts to express meaning and/or emotion to an audience through resolved compositions.

In the **Musicology specialisation** (responding), students investigate and analyse music works and ideas. They synthesise analytical information about music, and document sources and references about music to support research.

In the **Performance specialisation** (making), students realise music works, demonstrating technical skills and understanding. They make decisions about music, interpret music elements and concepts, and express music ideas to realise their performances.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Music Extension can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields such as arts administration and management, music journalism, arts/music education, creative and performance industries, music/media advertising, music and voice therapy, music/entertainment law, and the recording industry.

### **Objectives**

### Common objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, all students will:

- · apply literacy skills
- evaluate music and ideas about music
- examine music and ideas about music
- express meaning, emotion or ideas about music.

### Specialist objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, in addition to the common objectives, students who specialise in composition will also:

- apply compositional devices
- manipulate music elements and concepts
- resolve music ideas.

By the conclusion of the course of study, in addition to the common objectives, students who specialise in musicology will also:

- · analyse music
- investigate music
- synthesise information.

By the conclusion of the course of study, in addition to the common objectives, students who specialise in **performance** will also:

- apply technical skills
- interpret music elements and concepts
- realise music ideas.

#### **Structure**

Unit 3	Unit 4
<ul><li>Explore</li><li>Key idea 1: Initiate best practice</li><li>Key idea 2: Consolidate best practice</li></ul>	<ul><li>Emerge</li><li>Key idea 3: Independent best practice</li></ul>

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

**Note:** The Summative external assessment (EA): Examination — extended response is the same assessment for all three specialisations.

Summative assessments — Composition specialisation

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  Composition 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Composition project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  Composition 2	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25%  • Examination — extended response			

### Summative assessments — Musicology specialisation

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Investigation 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Musicology project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation 2	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination — extended response			

### ${\bf Summative\ assessments-Performance\ specialisation}$

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Investigation 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Performance project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation 2	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination — extended response	·		

# **Visual Art**

### General senior subject

Visual Art provides students with opportunities to understand and appreciate the role of visual art in past and present traditions and cultures, as well as the contributions of contemporary visual artists and their aesthetic, historical and cultural influences. Students interact with artists, artworks, institutions and communities to enrich their experiences and understandings of their own and others' art practices.

Students have opportunities to construct knowledge and communicate personal interpretations by working as both artist and audience. They use their imagination and creativity to innovatively solve problems and experiment with visual language and expression.

Through an inquiry learning model, students develop critical and creative thinking skills. They create individualised responses and meaning by applying diverse materials, techniques, technologies and art processes.

In responding to artworks, students employ essential literacy skills to investigate artistic expression and critically analyse artworks in diverse contexts. They consider meaning, purposes and theoretical approaches when ascribing aesthetic value and challenging ideas.

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Visual Art can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of arts practice, design, craft, and information technologies; broader areas in creative industries and cultural institutions; and diverse fields that use skills inherent in the subject, including advertising, arts administration and management, communication, design, education, galleries and museums, film and television, public relations, and science and technology.

### **Objectives**

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- · implement ideas and representations
- apply literacy skills
- analyse and interpret visual language, expression and meaning in artworks and practices
- evaluate art practices, traditions, cultures and theories
- justify viewpoints
- experiment in response to stimulus
- create meaning through the knowledge and understanding of materials, techniques, technologies and art processes
- realise responses to communicate meaning

### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Art as lens Through inquiry learning, the following are explored: Concept: lenses to explore the material world Contexts: personal and contemporary Focus: People, place, objects Media: 2D, 3D, and time-based	Art as code Through inquiry learning, the following are explored:  Concept: art as a coded visual language Contexts: formal and cultural Focus: Codes, symbols, signs and art conventions  Media: 2D, 3D, and time-based	Art as knowledge Through inquiry learning, the following are explored:  Concept: constructing knowledge as artist and audience  Contexts: contemporary, personal, cultural and/or formal  Focus: student-directed  Media: student-directed	Art as alternate Through inquiry learning, the following are explored:  Concept: evolving alternate representations and meaning  Contexts: contemporary and personal, cultural and/or formal  Focus: continued exploration of Unit 3 student-directed focus  Media: student-directed

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Investigation — inquiry phase 1	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  Project — inquiry phase 3	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Project — inquiry phase 2	25%		
S		al assessment (EA): 25%	

# **VOCATIONAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING (VET)**

Warwick State High School works in close partnership with other RTOs (TAFE and private providers) to support student access to VET qualifications. VET at WSHS can be accessed via certificate courses offered by other training providers. Students completing a School-based Apprenticeship and Traineeship will also engage in VET through various external training providers.

#### Why choose VET at school?

VET can provide opportunities for all senior students including those who are seeking university entrance or employment specific training. It provides learning opportunities beyond the traditional curriculum and flexible pathways from TAFE to University. All assessment meets industry standards. You have the opportunity to:

- Earn a VET qualification before completing Year 12 (Certificate I, II or III)
- Commence a Diploma program while still at school through the Accelerate Program (see below for further details)
- Receive an insight into the Industry you are interested in to determine if it is right for you
- Stand out in the crowd when applying for jobs
- Earn credit points towards your QCE

### **Certificate II in Engineering Pathways**

Head of Department: Mr Wayne Hoger Email: whoge1@eq.edu.au

RTO: (Formula Student) RTO No. 41124 VET Certificate Code: MEM20413

QCE Credit Points: 8 QCE Learning Option: Core

Subject Description: Certificate II in Engineering Pathways is a two-year program dedicated to achieving MEM20413 Certificate II in Engineering Pathways. The RTO guarantees that the student will be provided with every opportunity to complete the certificate as per the rights and obligations outlined in the enrolment process and information handbooks. Successful completion of the competencies will be acknowledged on your QCE (Queensland Certificate of Education) and a Statement of Attainment or Certificate will be issued. Students who are not enrolled in Certificate II in Engineering Pathways for the full program may have difficulty in achieving all units of competency, and as such may be limited to a Statement of Attainment only.

The Formula High School Pre-vocation course is designed for students to gain basic skills in Engineering with a view to looking at Engineering as a pathway to employment.

The program is suited to students looking for training to gain some skills prior to entering the workforce, who learn better in a practical environment, with a view to an engineering pathway and many more.

The course is project orientated and designed around experiencing simulated workshop practices that will not only develop skills in the subjects learned, but also tackle work like manners and practices that will be beneficial to the learner when they gain employment.

The 'project' is the construction of a single seater racecar, which uses a twin cylinder engine. More information on the vehicle can be accessed at <a href="https://www.formulastudent.edu.au">www.formulastudent.edu.au</a>.

#### **Key Topics:**

To achieve the qualification, students must achieve competence in all units of competency.

#### Code Units of Competency

MEMPE006A Undertake A Basic Engineering Project
MEMPE001A Use Engineering Workshop Machines

MSAENV272B Participate In Environmentally Sustainable Work Practices

MEMPE002A Use Electric Welding Machines

MEM13014A Apply Principles Of Occupational Health And Safety In The Work Environment

MEM18002B Use Power Tools/Hand Held Operations

MEMPE004A Use Fabrication Equipment

MSAPMSUP106A Work In A Team

MEMPE005A Develop A Career Plan For The Engineering And Manufacturing Industry

MEM16006A Organise And Communicate Information
MEM16008A Interact With Computing Technology

MEM18001C Use Hand Tools

Students will need to provide the following PPE (Personal Protection Equipment).

Long sleeve shirt: It must be made from a non-flammable material and it is highly recommended that students purchase a known brand high-visibility style work shirt.

Long pants: Students are to wear long pants (work pants or jeans) during all activities.

Protective footwear: Students are required to have steel capped work boots or shoes to be able to enter the workshop.

**Stationery:** Students are required to provide a range of day-to-day stationery such as pens, pencils, ruler, notebook and other items that they would generally be expected to bring to any other form of theoretical class.

**Computer Equipment:** Students are required to provide a laptop suitable for the operation of the learning management software (LMS). **Assessment:** Assessment for this course will be assessed as competency-based assessment (competent/not yet competent). If all units of competency are fully completed, students will be issued with MEM20413 Certificate II in Engineering Pathways. If the certificate is partially completed, any fully completed units of competency will contribute towards a Statement of Attainment.

**Assessment Techniques:** Students will be required to provide evidence of what they are learning in a variety of forms. Evidence gathering for this qualification is continuous and units of competency have been clustered into groups and assessed this way. Techniques may include:

- teacher observation of student skills
- written responses
- oral conversations
- photos of practical work
- practical tasks

**Costs:** There are currently no extra material fees for this course, however there may be additional costs for excursions to industry areas over the course. Students will be required to purchase a 'Race Day' licence' to participate in the culminating endurance event – approximately \$30-00. **Career Opportunities:** Combined with further study in this field, students can complete qualifications (some as high as diploma level) in the engineering and motorsport sectors.

**NB:** This information is correct at time of publication but subject to change.

**Warning:** As part of the Certificate II in Engineering Pathways, students will be required to complete a number of practice exercises. Once completed, students are permitted to take some of these items home. Parents need to be aware that the products are a result of the teaching exercise only. They do not, were never intended to conform to Australian Standards, and should not be used for their normal practical purpose if a risk to the user exists.

### **Certificate III in Fitness**

SIS30321 - Binnacle Training (RTO Code 31319)

Head of Department: Mrs Michelle Byrne Email: mbyrn88@eq.edu.au

QCE Credit Points: 8 QCE Learning Option: Core

Pre-Requisites: Health and Physical Education and English – B is desired, Students will need a BYO Device

**Subject Description**: Binnacle Training Certificate III in Fitness 'Fitness in Schools' program is offered as a senior subject where students deliver a range of fitness programs and services to clients within their school community. Graduates will be competent in a range of essential skills – such as undertaking client health assessments, planning and delivering fitness programs, and conducting group fitness sessions in indoor and outdoor fitness settings, including with older adult clients.

**QCE Credits**: Successful completion of the Certificate III in Fitness, over a two year period, contributes a maximum of eight (8) credits towards a student's QCE. A maximum of eight credits from the same training package can contribute to a QCE.

This program also includes the following:

- <u>First Aid</u> qualification and <u>CPR</u> certificate; plus Community Coaching accreditation.
- A range of career pathway options including direct pathway into Certificate IV in Fitness (Personal Trainer).

**Eligibility:** Students must have a passion for and/or interest in pursuing a career in the fitness and sport industries. They must have good quality written and spoken communication skills and an enthusiasm / motivation to participate in physical activity sessions.

Enrolment numbers are limited. Students applying to study Certificate III in Fitness will be subject to a selection process. This will be based on relevant academic results, extracurricular involvement and participation, personal aptitude for fitness and training, communication skills (including IT skills), behaviour, effort and attendance.

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	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4		
Topics of Study	<ul> <li>Sport, Fitness and Recreation (SFR) Industry Knowledge</li> <li>Beginning Coaching Principles</li> <li>Workplace Health and Safety</li> <li>SFR Laws and Legislation</li> <li>Maintain SFR Equipment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Respond to Emergencies</li> <li>Provide First Aid and CPR</li> <li>Risk Analysis</li> <li>Organise Work</li> <li>Provide Quality Customer Service</li> <li>Community Fitness Programs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Body Systems</li> <li>The Cardiorespiratory System</li> <li>Descriptive Terminology</li> <li>The Musculoskeletal System</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The Digestive System and the Energy Systems</li> <li>Provide Healthy Eating Information</li> <li>Client Screening and Health Assessment</li> <li>Client Screening: Initial Client Consultation</li> </ul>		
	TERM 5	TERM 6	TERM 7	TERM 8		
	<ul> <li>Plan and Deliver         Exercise Programs     </li> <li>Specific Population         Clients     </li> </ul>	<ul><li>Fitness Programs</li><li>Older Clients</li><li>Specific Population Clients</li></ul>	<ul><li>Fitness Programs</li><li>Specific Populations</li><li>Anatomy and Physiology</li><li>CPR Refresher</li></ul>			

### Learning about the sport, fitness and Providing healthy eating information to clients. recreation industry. Instructing and monitoring fitness programs. Following health and safety standards in the Delivering warm-up and cool-down sessions workplace. Planning and delivering gym programs. Providing quality customer service. Working with specific population clients, including older Using and maintaining fitness and sport adults. Learning equipment. Developing skills in exercise science, including **Experiences** Delivering community fitness programs. anatomy and physiology. Developing coaching and officiating skills Industry-recognised First Aid qualification and CPR Conducting a risk assessment on fitness certificate. activities. Providing client screening and health assessments. Program delivery will combine both class-based tasks and practical components in a real gym environment at the school. This involves the delivery of a range of fitness programs to clients within the school community (students, teachers, and staff). Learning and A range of teaching/learning strategies will be used to deliver the competencies. These include: **Assessment** Practical tasks Hands-on activities involving participants/clients Group work Practical experience within the school sporting programs and fitness facility Log Book of practical experience Evidence contributing towards competency will be collected throughout the course. This process allows a student's competency to be assessed in a holistic approach that integrates a range of competencies. NOTE: This program involves a mandatory 'outside subject' weekly component as follows: Learning and TERM 5: 60 minutes per week across a minimum of 6 consecutive weeks – delivering fitness programs and services to an **Assessment** adult client, undertaken at the school Continued **TERM 6:** A minimum of one session (60 minutes) – delivering a gentle exercise session to an older adult client (age 50+), undertaken at the school gym or an alternate fitness facility sourced by the school. All other practical experiences have been timetabled within class time. Students will keep a Log Book of these practical experiences (approximately 40 hours). The Certificate III in Fitness will predominantly be used by students seeking to enter the fitness industry and/or as an alternative entry into University. For example: **Exercise Physiologist** Teacher - Physical Education Sport Scientist **Pathways** Students eligible for an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) may be able to use their completed Certificate III to contribute towards their ATAR. For further information please visit www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/new-snrassessment-te/tertiary-entrance Students may also choose to continue their study by completing the Certificate IV in Fitness. \$450 (inclusive of Binnacle Training costs, First Aid Certificate and Binnacle Training Polo shirt) There are some additional costs to access outside venues in order to participate in and conduct fitness

Language Literacy and Numeracy (LLN) Skills Statement - A Language, Literacy and Numeracy (LLN) Screening process is undertaken at the time of initial enrolment (or earlier) to ensure students have the capacity to effectively engage with the content and to identify support measures as required.

Binnacle's Program Disclosure Statement (PDS) declaration - This document is to be read in conjunction with Binnacle Training's Program Disclosure Statement (PDS). The

Maybe subject to change based on student enrolments and progress delivery costs.

activity

the excursion date.

All texts and reprographics are provided by the school.

**Approximate** 

Cost

PDS sets out the services and training products Binnacle Training as RTO provides and those services carried out by the School as Third Party (i.e. the facilitation of training and assessment services). To access Binnacle's PDS, please visit: binnacletraining.com.au/rto

Final cost and notification of these excursions will be included in the permission letter which will be distributed closer to

### **Certificate II in Rural Operations**

Head of Department: Mr Carl Brough Email: cbrou38@eq.edu.au

RTO: TAFE Qld South West – RTO No.: 0526 VET Certificate Code: AHC21210

QCE Credit Points: 8 QCE Learning Option: Core

Pre-requisites: English - C, Science - C are desired

**Subject Description:** RTO – TAFE South West Qld - This is a nationally recognised Certificate that is either the basis for entry level of work in the Agriculture field, or can be recognised for prior learning in further study if the student so desires. This is a two-year course. The RTO guarantees that the student will be provided with every opportunity to complete the certificate as per the rights/obligations outlined in the enrolment process and information handbooks provided.

#### **Key Topics:**

AHC21210 Certificate II in Rural Operations

Students must achieve competence in all units below:

**Units of Competency** Code AHCOHS201 Participation in OHS processes AHCWRK209A Participation in environmental sustainable work practices AHCCHM201 Apply chemical under supervision AHCINF201 Carry out basic electric fencing operations Handle livestock using basic techniques AHCLSK205 AHCLSK209 Monitor water supplies AHCLSK211 Provide feed for livestock AHCMOM202 Operate tractors AHCLSK206 Identify and mark livestock AHCLSK210 Muster and move livestock AHCINF202A Install, maintain and repair fencing AHCMOM203 Operate basic machinery and equipment AHCLSK20L Carry out regular livestock observation

AHCWRK204 Work efficiently in the industry

AHCMOM212 Operate quad bikes

Dress Requirements: Jeans, long sleeve shirt, hat and boots

**Assessment:** Assessment for this course is competency based. If all units of competency are fully completed, students will be issued with AHC21210 Certificate II in Rural Operations. If the certificate is partially completed, any fully completed units of competency will contribute towards a Statement of Attainment.

**Assessment Techniques:** Students will be required to provide evidence of what they are learning. Evidence gathering for this qualification is continuous and units of competency have been clustered into groups and assessed this way. Techniques include:

- written tests
- project/practical work, TAFE instructor checklist

Costs: Nil

Career Opportunities: This qualification provides an occupational outcome for industries and agencies in rural and regional Australia (Farm worker, laboratory technician, weed and pest control officer, agricultural machinery dealer, nursery worker, landscape gardener, stock and station agent). This information is correct at time of publication but subject to change. Depending on the units selected, individuals can be employed in not only rural industries, but also other rural and regional sectors such as local government, tourism, hospitality, transport, construction, community services, information technology and metals.

### Pathways from this qualification:

Further training pathways from this qualification include, but are not limited to, Certificate III in Agriculture, Certificate III in Production Horticulture and Certificate III in Horticulture.

## **Certificate II in Active Volunteering**

Head of Department: Mr Wayne Hoger Email: whoge1@eq.edu.au

RTO: Volunteering Queensland Inc. RTO No.: 6020 VET Certificate Code: CHC24015

QCE Credit Points: 8 QCE Learning Option: Core

**Description:** Certificate II in Active Volunteering is a nationally recognised certificate, which provides students with the vital skills to prosper in their volunteering roles, while providing a solid foundation for a variety of career pathways they may wish to pursue in the future.

The course allows students to:

- Build skills and confidence
- Develop workplace networks
- Gain references
- Strengthen their self-esteem.

In addition, research shows that if a young person participates in volunteering they will be more likely to engage and connect with others in their community.

#### **Key Topics:**

- Participate in WHS processes
- Communicate in the workplace
- Work with diverse people
- Be an effective volunteer
- Undertake basic administrative duties
- Plan and apply time management
- Use business soft wave applications
- Use digital technologies to communicate

Please note: This course requires participants to complete 20 hours of volunteering with a not-for-profit organisation.

**Assessment**: Assessment for this course is **competency-based** (competent/not yet competent). If all units of competency are fully completed, students will be issued with CHC24015 Certificate II in Volunteering. If the Certificate is partially completed, any fully completed units of competency will contribute towards a Statement of Attainment.

Assessment Techniques: Students will be required to provide evidence of what they are learning in a variety of forms. Evidence gathering for this qualification is continuous and techniques may include:

- objective and short-answer or response tests
- written responses
- oral presentations
- practical work
- teacher observation of student skills

**Cost:** Approximately \$200-00. Fees indicated are approximate and should be used as a guide only. Exact fees can be supplied at the time of enrolment. Fees are non-refundable. Proof of payment must be provided before enrolment in the course can commence. Failure to provide proof of payment will result in students having to re-select their subject on that line.

Career Opportunities: Volunteering offers students an ideal pathway into a range of industry areas including community services, sport and recreation, environment and conservation, arts, emergency services and human rights and justice.

### TAFE VET COURSES

#### TAFE Queensland South West - RTO # 0526 (Warwick Campus) Material Cost Payable

Number	Title	Where	Funding	Location	Duration	Detail	Cost
DUAL - SIT20316/ SIT30616	Cert II Hospitality/Cert III Hospitality - DUAL	TAFE at School	VETiS Funded + Fee For Service	Warwick	6 Terms	1 Day per week + self-directed learning	Partially VETiS Funded, plus \$800.00
DUAL - SIT20416/ SIT30916	Cert II Kitchen Ops/Cert III Catering Ops - DUAL	TAFE at School	VETiS Funded + Fee For Service	Warwick	8 Terms	1 Day per week + self-directed learning	Price to be advised
SIR30216	Certificate III Retail	TAFE at School	Fee for Service	Warwick	3 Terms	1 day per week + self-directed learning	\$2,655.00
HLT23215	Certificate II in Health Services Assistance	TAFE at School	VETiS Funded	Warwick	4 Terms	1 Day per week + self-directed learning	VETiS
AUR20716	Certificate II Automotive Vocational Preparation	TAFE at School	VETiS Funded	Warwick	4 Terms	1 Day per week + self-directed learning	VETiS
MEM20105	Certificate II Engineering Pathways	TAFE at School	VETiS Funded	Warwick	4 Terms	1 Day per week + self-directed learning	VETiS
CHC32015	Certificate III in Community Services	TAFE at School	VETiS Funded + Fee For Service	External	6 Terms	Online room session via Connect- 1 x 2 hour class per week.	Partially VETiS Funded, plus \$500.00
CHC22015	Certificate II in Community Services	TAFE at School	VETiS Funded	External	4 Terms	Online room session via Connect- 1 x 2 ho ur class per week.	VETiS
CHC30113	Certificate III in Early Childhood Education and Care	TAFE at School	Fee For Service	Warwick	8 Terms	1 Day per week + self-directed learning	\$2,885.00
CPC10111	Certificate I in Construction	TAFE at School	VETiS Funded	Warwick	4 Terms	1 Day per week + self-directed learning	VETiS

Prices subject to change without notice

Fact sheets regarding any TAFE subject will be available in the TAFE Information booklet. Please note: Availability of courses is determined by TAFE.

- Complete your Warwick State High School Subject Selection Form indicating the TAFE subject you wish to study
- TAFE will send out relevant enrolment documents. (Date to be advised).

Please refer to 2024 TAFE at School Guide for more details – this can be located on the TAFE South West website

### How do I apply for a TAFE subject?

- 1 Complete your Warwick State High School **Subject Selection Form** indicating the TAFE subject you wish to study
- 2 TAFE will send out relevant enrolment documents via email OR through the Senior Secondary Office

When do I start? You will commence your program in February 2024.

**Costs:** Most Certificate I and II courses have no fees attached. Some Certificate III courses are available as listed above but fees are considerably less than the mainstream rate. Please refer to the 2024 TAFE at School Guide for more details.

Enrolment documents from TAFE will include information regarding fee payment (if applicable).

Can I enrol in a Toowoomba course? Yes, you can enrol in a course at another campus; however, it is your responsibility to arrange your transport at your own cost.

**Transport from Warwick SHS to Warwick TAFE:** It is the responsibility of each student and their parent/carer to arrange transport directly to and from TAFE. Students are not required to go to school before going to the TAFE campus.

Want more information? If you have any questions, please contact Head of Senior Secondary Mr Wren at Warwick State High School.

## School-based Apprenticeships and Traineeships (SATs)

School-based Apprenticeships and Traineeships (SATs) allow high school students, in Years 10 to 12 to work for an employer and train towards a recognised qualification, while completing their secondary schooling and studying for their Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE).

### Benefits of completing a SAT:

- Opportunity to work towards their future goals by giving them realistic exposure to an industry.
- Develop workplace skills, knowledge and confidence
- Paid employment and obtaining a certificate II or higher whilst still at school
- Nationally recognised qualification which can contribute towards a Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE)

### Types of SATs

There are many different qualifications offered in a variety of areas and can be located on the Queensland Training Information Service (QTIS) <a href="https://qtis.training.qld.gov.au">https://qtis.training.qld.gov.au</a>. QTIS outlines the qualification, hours required to complete the course and the units of study.

#### How do I secure a SAT?

- Convert existing casual employment into a SAT
- Networking with friends, family or Industry Liaison Officer
- Work experience (offered Term 1 and 3)
- Check Careers Noticeboard outside Student Resource Office, read emails sent by our Industry Liaison Officer and listen to daily notices

If you have any further questions or would like to discuss this option for your student, please contact the Industry Liaison Officer 4666 9231 or email SATs@warwickshs.eq.edu.au

## **Work Experience**

Work experience is offered to students in Years 10 to 12 during Term 1 and Term 3.

Work Experience helps our students develop a better understanding of the work environment, grow in confidence and develop a better understanding of career pathways.

Students are to source their own employment opportunity. Once this is obtained, a Work Experience Agreement form needs to be completed and approved by both the employer and the school. There is a fee of \$22-00 for the year.

If you have any further questions or would like to discuss this option for your student, please contact the Industry Liaison Officer 4666 9231 or email SATs@warwickshs.eq.edu.au

# ~ Special Education Program (SEP) ~

Head of Department - Mrs Kathy Maudsley

Email: kmaud10@eq.edu.au

The Special Education Program assists students with disabilities to access the curriculum and meet their full potential in the school setting. **Access to SEP:** Students with a recognised disability receive support within the Special Education Program. These students may have:

- vision impairment
- · hearing impairment
- physical impairment
- intellectual disability
- speech language impairment
- autistic spectrum disorder

#### Provision of support includes:

- working closely with parents, students and teachers (Case Management)
- accessing the support process developed by the school. For example:
- in-class support
- transition to post-school options
- work skilling
- assistance with assignments/assessment
- social and emotional skilling and personal and living dimensions
- leisure and recreation access
- curriculum/assessment modification
- access to Senior Support classes

We also assist with the monitoring and program delivery to students that are on the QCIA pathway and ASDAN program.

# WARWICK STATE HIGH SCHOOL 2024/25 BOOK LIST - YEAR 11/12

This list includes subject-specific items required in addition to general multi-purpose items such as: Minimum 8GB USB memory stick (compulsory), blue, black and red pens, HB pencils, mechanical pencils, scissors, pencil sharpener, white plastic eraser, ruler, colouring pencils, felt pens, small stapler, highlighter pens, glue stick, pencil case, earphones

### Students are <u>NOT</u> to bring the following items to school:

- Steel rulers use plastic or wood
- Large 'Nikko' type marking pens (if these are needed they will be supplied by the subject area)
- Liquid correction fluid

	1 v 3 or 4 ring folder		
ACCOUNTING	1 x 3 or 4 ring folder 30 plus plastic sheet protectors		
ACCOUNTING	A4 hole punched ruled paper		
	1 x 96 page exercise book or hole punched folder booklet that is separate to		
AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE	other subjects		
ACKIOCETORAL GOIENGE	1 x 64 page exercise book		
ARTS IN PRACTICE	1 x A4 notebook that can be handed in separately		
	2 x 96 page exercise book		
BIOLOGY	1 Scientific calculator		
BUSINESS	1 x A4 display book (20 pages)		
	1 x 64 page exercise book		
BUSINESS STUDIES	1 x A4 display book (20 pages)		
	1 x 96 page exercise book		
	Calculator		
OFFICIATE II IN FNOINEFFINO BATHWAYO	Steel cap boots, jeans, cotton high visibility shirt		
CERTIFICATE II IN ENGINEERING PATHWAYS	General multi-purpose items listed above		
(FORMULA STUDENT)	BYO Digital device for accessing course work		
CERTIFICATE II IN RURAL OPERATIONS	1 x 64 page exercise book		
CERTIFICATE III IN FITNESS	BYO Digital Device for course work		
	1 x A4 notebook		
CHEMISTRY	2 x 96 page exercise book		
	1 x scientific calculator		
DRAMA	1 A4 notebook that can be handed in separately		
DIVANIA	1 x A4 display folder (optional but recommended)		
EARLY CHILDHOOD STUDIES	Items for practical tasks may need to be purchased during the year as advised by		
	the teacher. This will vary with unit of study		
ENGINEERING SKILLS	Apron, hairnet, shoes with impervious uppers (no joggers with mesh uppers)		
FURNISHING SKILLS	General multi-purpose items listed above		
ENGLISH	2 x 96 page A4 ruled exercise book		
ESSENTIAL ENGLISH	1 x display folder		
LITERACY	(Please keep Year 11 books for Year 12)		
FASHION	1 x A4 visual diary (portrait)		
FASHION	1 x pair dress making scissors		
	Some fabric for practical projects will need to be purchased during the year  2 x 128 page notebooks – separate from other subjects (1 for practice and other		
	for clean notes)		
	1 x 15 cm ruler (30 cm flexible)		
GENERAL MATHEMATICS	General and Essential Maths only: 1 x TI 30XB calculator from Texas		
MATHEMATICAL METHODS	Instruments		
SPECIALIST MATHEMATICS	Mathematical Methods – Recommended Graphing calculator Non-CAS.		
ESSENTIAL MATHEMATICS	Highly commended using <b>TI-NSPIRE CX</b> (non-CAS) Graphics calculator		
NUMERACY	(also used for Physics)		
	Specialist Mathematics – Essential - TI-NSPIRE CX (non-CAS) Graphics		
	calculator (also used for Physics)		
GEOGRAPHY	1 x A4 display book (20 pages)		
GEOGRAPHY	1 x 96 page A4 exercise book		

	Plastic sheet protectors		
HOSPITALITY PRACTICES	Ingredients will need to be purchased		
	Shoes with impervious uppers (no joggers with mesh uppers) will need to be		
	worn for practical lessons		
	2 x A4 96 Page ruled exercise books		
JAPANESE	1 x 10mm 48 page grid book		
JAI ANEOL	1 x A4 display folder		
	1 x 3 or 4 ring binder and plastic sheet protectors		
LEGAL STUDIES	1 x 96 page A4 exercise book		
	1 x A4 display book (20 pages)		
MODERN HISTORY			
MUCIO	1 x 96 page A4 exercise book		
MUSIC	2 x 128 page A4 notebooks		
MUSIC EXTENSION	1 x A4 96 page exercise book		
PHYSICAL EDUCATION	1 x A4 booklet		
	Display folder		
	2 x 96 page exercise book		
PHYSICS	Scientific calculator (also used for Mathematical Methods and Specialist		
	Mathematics)		
SOCIAL AND COMMUNITY STUDIES	1 x A4 display book (20 pages)		
SOCIAL AND COMMONITY STUDIES	1 x 96 page A4 exercise book		
SPORT AND RECREATION	Writing implements		
TOURISM	1 x A4 display book (20 pages)		
TOURISM	1 x 96 page A4 exercise book		
VISUAL ART	BYO Device for course work		
	USB		
	1 A4 sized visual diary		
	2 each – HB, 2B, 4B, 6B pencils		
	1 x A4 sized visual diary (can be purchased through Uniform and Stationery		
VISUAL ARTS IN PRACTICE	Shop)		
	2 each – HB, 2B, 4B, 6B pencils		

### PLEASE NAME ALL PROPERTY CLEARLY AT THE START OF THE YEAR

"It is much easier to return named property to the rightful owner"

The information in this booklet was correct at time of publication (June 2023) but maybe subject to change.